

# Preliminary



# EXAM PRACTICE BOOKLET

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FUNDACIÓN EDUCATIVA Y CULTURAL  
**COLEGIO SAN ESTEBAN**  
ESTABLECIMIENTO PÚBLICO DE GESTIÓN PRIVADA



2025

# Cambridge English B1 Preliminary

# Cambridge English B1 Preliminary *for Schools*

## Reading

The Reading paper consists of 6 parts. Correct answers in Parts 1–6 are worth 1 mark each. There are 32 possible marks in the Reading paper.

Practice test score	Cambridge English Scale score	CEFR Level
29	160	Level B2
23	140	Level B1
13	120	Level A2
5	102*	-

\*minimum score reported for B1 Preliminary

## Writing

The Writing paper consists of 2 parts. Candidates’ answers in the Writing paper are marked by trained examiners who are certificated to mark at the level using assessment scales which are linked to the Common European Framework of Reference. 0–5 marks are given for each of the following criteria: Content; Communicative Achievement; Organisation; and Language. Whole marks only are awarded; there are no half marks given. Part 1 is worth 20 marks and Part 2 is worth 20 marks. There are 40 possible marks in the Writing paper.

Practice test score	Cambridge English Scale score	CEFR Level
34	160	Level B2
24	140	Level B1
16	120	Level A2
10	102*	-

\*minimum score reported for B1 Preliminary

## Listening

Correct answers in the Listening paper are worth 1 mark each. There are 25 possible marks in the Listening paper.

Practice test score	Cambridge English Scale score	CEFR Level
23	160	Level B2
17	140	Level B1
11	120	Level A2
6	102*	-

\*minimum score reported for B1 Preliminary

## Speaking

Candidates take the test in pairs, but are assessed on their individual performance by trained examiners certificated to examine at the level. Candidate speaking performances are assessed using scales which are linked to the Common European Framework of Reference. The assessor gives 0–5 marks for each of the following criteria: Grammar and Vocabulary; Discourse Management; Pronunciation; and Interactive Communication. The interlocutor gives a mark of 0–5 for Global Achievement and this mark is doubled. Examiners may award half marks. Marks for all criteria are then combined, meaning there are 30 marks available in the Speaking test.

Practice test score	Cambridge English Scale score	CEFR Level
27	160	Level B2
18	140	Level B1
12	120	Level A2
7	102*	-

\*minimum score reported for B1 Preliminary



## Daily life

1a

Write questions. Use the present simple or present continuous.

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 1. the sun / shine / at the moment?<br>.....         | 4. you / look / forward / to / next weekend?<br>..... |
| 2. why / you / study / English / this year?<br>..... | 5. she / like / watching / films?<br>.....            |
| 3. how often / they / meet / their friends?<br>..... | 6. where / your brother / live?<br>.....              |

1b

Now match questions 1–6 in 1a to answers a–f.

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| a Yes, either at the cinema or at home. <input type="checkbox"/> | d No, it's cold and wet! <input type="checkbox"/> |
| b Yes! I love Saturday and Sunday. <input type="checkbox"/>      | e Every weekend. <input type="checkbox"/>         |
| c Because it's fun! <input type="checkbox"/>                     | f In London. <input type="checkbox"/>             |

2

Complete the quiz with the words in the box. Then answer the questions and read the results.

awake	buy	clean	go	go	have	late
leave	morning	routine	wake up	weekend		

### Are you a creature of habit?

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| 1. Do you need an alarm clock to help you ..... in the morning?<br>a) No, I'm usually ..... before my alarm goes off.<br>b) Yes. Without the alarm, I would just go on sleeping. | 4. Do you ..... home at the same time every day for work or college?<br>a) Yes, I don't like being .....<br>b) No, sometimes I'm early and sometimes I'm a bit late.   |
| 2. Do you always ..... the same thing for breakfast?<br>a) Yes, I don't like making decisions in the .....!<br>b) No, that would be boring!                                      | 5. Do you ..... shopping on the same day each week?<br>a) Yes, and I usually ..... the same things each week.<br>b) No, it depends what I'm doing each week.           |
| 3. Do you ever forget to ..... your teeth or brush your hair in the morning?<br>a) No, they are part of my morning ....., so I never forget.<br>b) Yes, if I'm in a hurry.       | 6. Do you usually ..... to bed at the same time every night?<br>a) Yes, during the week, but not at the ..... of course.<br>b) No, it depends what I'm doing each day. |



**Mostly a:** You are definitely a creature of habit. You could try relaxing a bit and doing something different for a change.

**Mostly b:** Your habits and routines aren't completely fixed. It's great to have variety, but remember that routine can help you to be organised.

## Exam task

3

Look at the text in each question. What does it say? Choose the correct letter, A, B or C.

1

*This week's fitness class will be half an hour earlier, at 6.30 p.m., and in the sports hall, not the gym! Next week's class will be back in the gym at the usual time.*

- A The fitness class will only last for half an hour this week.
- B There won't be a fitness class next week.
- C The fitness class will be somewhere different this week.

2

Tara, we've run out of coffee! Can you get some at the supermarket when you're coming back from college this afternoon? I'll pay you back tomorrow.  
Daisy

**What should Tara do?**

- A buy coffee tomorrow
- B go shopping on her way home
- C give Daisy some money to go to the supermarket

3

**BANK OPENING HOURS**  
**Monday – Friday** 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.  
**Saturday** – 9 a.m. to 11 a.m.  
The cash machine outside is in use 24 hours

- A You can't go into the bank on Saturday afternoons.
- B The cash machine can only be used when the bank is open.
- C The bank closes at the same time every day.

4

Max,  
*There's a problem with the shower. You can't use it unless you want a cold one! Someone's coming to fix it this afternoon, so it'll be OK tomorrow.*  
Mum

- A Someone is mending the shower at the moment.
- B It isn't possible to have a hot shower this morning.
- C Max will have to take a cold shower tomorrow.

5

Hi Mia,  
I might be late for the band practice tonight. I usually get the bus, but there are lots of delays this week. ☹ See you later.  
Henry

**Why has Henry written the text?**

- A to warn Mia that he may not be on time
- B to remind Mia about delays on the buses
- C to ask which bus he should get to band practice

## Exam facts

- In this part, you read five short texts – for example, signs, notices and messages.
- You have to choose the option (A, B or C) that means the same as the short text.



## Social interaction

1

Choose the correct words to complete the phrasal verbs.

1. I usually meet *up / out / together* with my friends at the weekend.
2. I'm tired, so I think I'll stay *up / in / into* tonight.
3. Do you want to come *out / over / away* to my house later?
4. My family sometimes eat *out / up / away*. We like pizza restaurants.
5. Who does Max usually hang *up / in / out* with?
6. I was at a party last night and didn't get *back / out / to* until late.
7. We often get *in / out / together* to watch a DVD.
8. Do you fancy going *in / out / up* tonight, maybe to the cinema?



2

Choose the best response.

1. I've bought you a ticket for the concert on Saturday.

**a** Thank you. That's very kind of you.

**b** Yes, please. That would be lovely.

2. Shall I meet you at the station?

**a** It's opposite the bus stop.

**b** Yes, good idea.

3. Do you fancy going ice skating on Friday?

**a** I'm sorry, I can't. I'm doing something else.

**b** Yes, it was great.

4. I'm sorry I'm late.

**a** That's OK. No problem.

**b** We can wait a bit longer.

5. Why don't we go for a pizza later?

**a** No, I don't like it.

**b** Great idea!

6. Should I invite Emma to the party?

**a** Yes, I'd love to. Thanks.

**b** No way! No one gets on with her.

7. Is it OK if my sister comes to the cinema with us?

**a** Of course. That's fine.

**b** It doesn't matter.

8. Shall we meet up at the weekend?

**a** No, sorry, I don't want it.

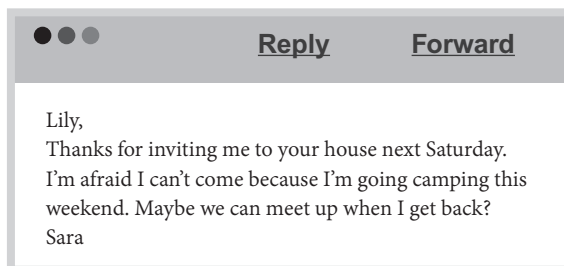
**b** Yes, let's do that.

## Exam task

3

Look at the text in each question. What does it say? Choose the correct letter, A, B or C.

1



Why has Sara sent an email?

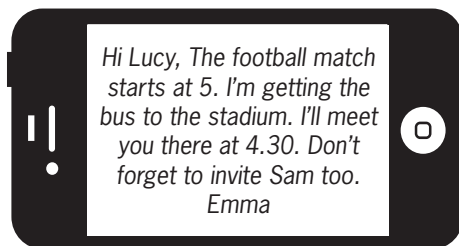
- A to accept Lily's invitation
- B to ask Lily to go camping
- C to make an apology to Lily

2



- A There will only be two types of music at the festival.
- B Some performances at the festival cost more than others.
- C Tickets are cheaper if you buy them before the festival.

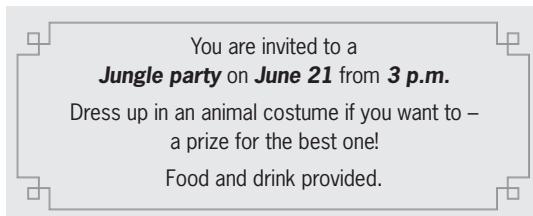
3



What should Lucy do?

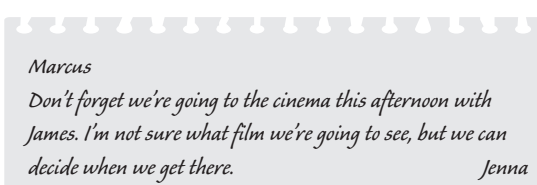
- A get the bus to the football match with Emma
- B ask Sam if he wants to come to the football match
- C meet Emma and Sam at the stadium at 5 o'clock

4



- A Guests should bring some food and drink.
- B Guests must dress up as a type of animal.
- C Guests might win something if they wear a costume.

5



Why has Jenna left a note for Marcus?

- A to remind him about an arrangement
- B to invite him to the cinema
- C to suggest a film which they could see

## Exam tips

- Read each short text and think about where and when you might see it.
- Read the options carefully. Don't think an option is correct just because you see the same words in the text.
- The correct answer has the same meaning as the text, but usually uses different words.



## Hobbies and leisure

1

Complete the speech bubbles with the words in the box.

club	dancing member	festival photography	galleries sightseeing	hobby sunbathing	magazine
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Anna: I joined a chess (1) ..... last year and I really enjoy it now. It's a great (2) ..... because you have to really think about how to win. You also meet people.

Ilona: I love (3) ..... to great music. My ideal weekend is going to a music (4) ..... and seeing lots of new bands.

Ben: I love travel! My favourite activities are going (5) ..... and visiting museums and art (6) .....

Lottie: My ideal leisure activity is (7) ..... on a beach and reading a fashion (8) ..... . So relaxing!

Karl: I'm quite a creative person. I bought a camera last year and took up (9) ..... . I'm not interested in being a (10) ..... of a club, though. I'm quite happy to spend time on my own.

2

Complete the dialogue with the phrases in the box.

do you agree that	going back to	like I said	not sure, because
on a completely different subject		that's an interesting point	
what do you think about this		what I mean is	

Sam: (1) ..... museums should be free for people to visit?

Ellie: I'm (2) ..... they cost a lot of money to run. It seems fair that people should pay something.

Sam: Yes, but museums shouldn't only be for rich people. (3) ..... that everyone should be able to visit them, even if they don't have much money.

Ellie: Yes, (4) ..... , and I agree with you in some ways. But (5) ..... before, museums are expensive, and we can't expect the government to pay the full cost. (6) ..... , Ana?

Ana: I'm not sure. I agree that someone has to pay to keep museums open, but (7) ..... what Sam said, it doesn't seem fair that people who don't have much money can't see these wonderful objects.

Sam: Thank you, Ana. (8) ..... , do you fancy watching a movie later?

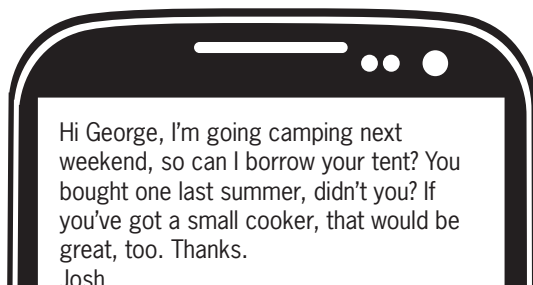


## Exam task

3

Look at the text in each question. What does it say? Choose the correct letter, A, B or C.

1



Why has Josh sent this message?

- A to ask George to go camping with him next weekend
- B to tell George about a new tent he's going to buy
- C to ask if George will lend him some camping equipment

2



What should club members do?

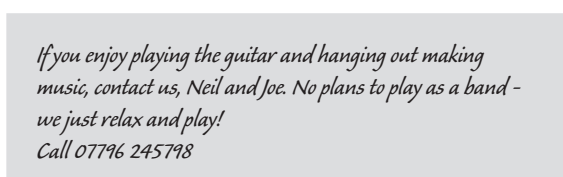
- A come to the picnic with food to cook
- B take lots of photos at the picnic
- C tell Tom if they want to go to the picnic

3



- A There will be five workshops each week.
- B You don't have to be talented to go to the workshops.
- C The final workshop is on Saturday 15 September.

4



Call this number if you want to

- A play music with others
- B learn the guitar
- C join a band

5



- A The stamps are all very old.
- B Some of the stamps are very unusual.
- C You can buy just a few of the stamps.

## Get it right!

Look at the sentence below. Then try to correct the mistake.

I write to you because last week I started a new English course in the same school.



## Health, medicine and exercise

1

Complete the statements with the words in the box.

ambulance heart	beats injury	break medicine	dangerous rest	doctors rugby	fit sick
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1. If your ..... is healthy, it usually ..... around 70 times per minute.
2. According to ....., you should exercise for an hour a day to keep .....
3. Horse-riding is a more ..... sport than ..... or football.
4. If you ..... your arm, you should call an ..... to take you to hospital immediately.
5. If you feel ..... after eating something, you should go to a pharmacy to get some .....
6. If an ..... is painful, you should always ..... the part of your body that's hurt.

2

Choose the correct modal verbs to complete the health advice.

1. I'm sorry, you can't see the doctor today. You *have to* / *mustn't* make an appointment.
2. You *don't have to* / *shouldn't* eat if you have stomach ache, but it's important to drink.
3. You *needn't* / *should* worry – it isn't a very serious operation.
4. It's important to rest. You *don't have to* / *mustn't* do anything for a few days.
5. I think you've got a fever. You *ought to* / *shouldn't* see a doctor.
6. You *don't have to* / *should* drink lots if you have a cold or a sore throat.



## Exam task

3

The people below all want to join a sports class. On the next page there are descriptions of eight classes. Decide which class would be the most suitable for the following people. For 1–5 write the correct letter A–H.

1



Chloe enjoys team sports but doesn't want to play in competitions. She needs a morning class. She doesn't have much money and can't afford to buy expensive equipment. ☐

2



Mike isn't very fit. He would like to get fitter, but he finds exercise boring. He's looking for an evening class that is different every week. He'd also like to see how he is improving over time. ☐

3



Sofia loves sport but is recovering from a serious injury. She wants to train in the afternoon with someone who understands her injury and can give her advice on exercises she can do at home. ☐

4



Jack is very fit and is planning a challenging 200 km run. He wants to train at least twice a week and would like some personal training too. He wants to train indoors and outdoors. ☐

5



Tara takes sport seriously. She plays hockey and tennis and wants to improve her skills and take part in competitions. She isn't free from Monday to Friday. ☐

## Sports classes

### A Sport for life

Weekly sessions in seven different sports, including squash, tennis and basketball. Do your favourite sport or try new ones each week. Classes take place on Thursdays 3–4 p.m. and Sundays 2–3.30 p.m. in Green Park and in the Park Gym. We don't believe in winners and losers, just in having fun!

### C Active plus!

This is a great class for people who enjoy playing sport with others in an informal way. Choose from a range of sports, including 5-a-side football and hockey. Classes are on Saturdays from 9–11 a.m. We provide balls, hockey sticks, etc. and a monthly report on how your fitness is improving.

### E Fitness for all

If you're looking for a gentle, low-cost exercise class, Fitness for all offers exercises to improve your strength and confidence slowly. Our trainers are qualified to help with individual problems and can give you extra ideas to try outside the class. No equipment necessary. Classes: every Tuesday from 2 to 4 p.m.

### G Rising stars

We believe sports are for winners! We offer training from professional sports coaches to help you become a more successful player. Choose from a range of team and racket sports. Players are encouraged to join local and national leagues. Classes: every Saturday and Sunday, or book an individual lesson with one of our trainers.

### B Top training

Our club offers individual training sessions in the gym, with a personal trainer. The class is ideal for people who enjoy training alone and are keen to improve their fitness, or people who have particular difficulties with their fitness. Classes: every morning 9–11 a.m.

### D Water-cise!

Have fun and get fit at your local sports centre! Classes every Tuesday and Thursday from 6–8 p.m. No two classes are the same! We organise regular competitions and also offer individual fitness checks every month, plus the chance to gain progress certificates.

### F Sport for all

This class is for people who want to take up a sport such as football or tennis for the first time. It's a great way to get fit in the fresh air. Classes start with training exercises, followed by a game or small tournament. Classes: every Tuesday and Thursday, 6–8 p.m. All equipment provided.

### H Go for it!

This is a class for people who want to push themselves so they can compete against other people or themselves! Training takes place every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday. Classes involve a one-hour run in the park, followed by weight training in the gym. Individual coaching and advice on improving fitness at home are also available.



### Exam facts

- In this part, you read descriptions of five people.
- You also read eight texts on the same topic.
- You have to match what each person requires to one of the eight texts.



## Free time

1

Complete what the people say with the words in the box.

drama      horror      order      sculptures      stage      videos

- Lily "I'm really into **(1)** ....., so I love being in plays. It feels great being up on the **(2)** ..... in front of lots of people. I don't want to do it as a job, but it's fun to do in your free time!"
- Jamie "I often organise a movie night at the weekend. I invite a few friends and we **(3)** ..... a takeaway. My favourite films are **(4)** ..... movies, especially really scary ones!"
- Rosie "I'm quite creative, so I do a lot of art classes in my free time. I don't like painting, but I love making **(5)** ..... out of wood. I also make my own five-minute **(6)** ....., which I put online for friends to watch."

2

Write the questions and answers. Use the present perfect or past simple.

- A: where / you go / on holiday / last year? .....  
B: I went to Spain.
- A: Is Martha still here?  
B: No, she / just / leave .....
- A: Don't forget to order the tickets online.  
B: It's OK. I / already / do / it .....
- A: when / you / move / to this town? .....  
B: It was about two years ago.



## Exam task

3

The people below all want to find a new free-time activity. On the next page there are descriptions of eight clubs. Decide which club would be the most suitable for the following people. For 1–5 write the correct letter A–H.

1



Emma loves using her imagination in a creative way. She loves working on projects with other people, and she would like to visit places and see creative people at work. ☐

2



Marco loves making things, and he enjoys meeting people from other cultures. He would like to learn a skill that he can use outside the class. ☐

3



Amina is interested in serious issues. She enjoys listening to talks and learning about life in other countries. She would also like to discuss her ideas and opinions with other people. ☐

4



Niko enjoys going to different places and meeting people from different backgrounds. He's also keen to find out about the place where he lives. He's especially interested in history. ☐

5



Erica is keen to help other people. She enjoys events where there are crowds of people. She wants to learn skills she can use in a job when she finishes her studies. ☐

## Activity clubs

### A Think!

Do you want to know more about international events? We meet once a week for an informal discussion. Each week we watch a film from around the world and/or invite speakers to help us understand recent events. At our next meeting we are showing a film about earthquake rescue teams.

### C Party Plus

At Party Plus, we are looking for new people to help us. We organise street parties and concerts to raise money for local charities. It's challenging work, and you have to work with a wide range of people, but you'll have a lot to offer future employers and you'll make a difference!

### E Nature lovers

Are you interested in nature? Our group has been exploring the wildlife of the city for over 100 years! We organise talks from experts on the animals and plants around us. We also work in small groups to think of ways to improve life for the animals and people in our city!

### G A world of food

We can teach you to prepare delicious dishes! Our trainers come from five countries, and they love to share their recipes and the history of their cultures. This class will teach you how to create wonderful food in your own kitchen. You never know, you might decide to become a professional chef one day!

### B Games and chat

We meet once a week to play computer games. We give our views on new games and talk about games past and present. We also organise trips to game shows to see how designers come up with new ideas and create new games. You'll discover a whole new world!

### D Come dine with me

We meet regularly to visit restaurants and enjoy eating delicious food from all over the world. We also invite chefs from other countries to tell us about how food is grown and prepared where they come from. There's usually quite a large group of us, so it's a wonderful way to meet people.

### F Action!

We are a film club, but we don't watch films – we make them! We're always looking for new people with interesting ideas. You will do activities in small groups, so it's a great way to learn new skills and make friends. We also organise regular trips to film studios to see how the professionals do things.

### H City explorers

Get out and about with City explorers! We explore our own city and produce information guides so that visitors can enjoy it too. We also produce maps of the city, past and present, showing how it's changed. We often get together with groups from other towns and cities to compare information and experiences.



### Exam tips

- Read the descriptions of the five people quickly and underline the most important information.
- The same information is often written using different words or phrases in the descriptions and the texts.
- Make sure the text you choose matches all the requirements in the person's description.



## Travel and holidays

1

Complete the holiday advice with the words in the box.

accommodation facilities reservation resort

I'm going on holiday to Turkey in two weeks and staying at the Bright Sands holiday (1) ..... I haven't been before. Any advice?

- I went last year and loved it. It's got great (2) ..... , especially the swimming pools!
- If you're expecting luxury (3) ..... , you may be disappointed. But the rooms are all clean.
- If you booked online, check your (4) ..... before you go. There was a problem with mine.

2

Complete the email with the correct form of the verbs in brackets. Use the present continuous, past simple or present perfect.



[Reply](#)

[Forward](#)

Hi Beth,  
Joe and I (1) ..... (arrive) in New York three days ago, and we  
(2) ..... (have) a great time here. We (3) .....  
(already / do) quite a lot. Yesterday we (4) ..... (go) up the Empire State  
Building – amazing! We (5) ..... (not see) a show on Broadway yet, but  
we've got tickets for tomorrow.  
Abbie



## Exam task

3

The people below all want to go on holiday. On the next page there are descriptions of eight holidays. Decide which holiday would be the most suitable for the following people. For 1–5 write the correct letter A–H.

1



George wants a holiday with a big group of friends. They are into sports and want to do different things every day. He doesn't like boats, and some in the group have young children. ☐

2



Ana loves to be near the sea. She wants to visit different places, but she also wants to keep away from holiday resorts. She enjoys being active and learning new skills. ☐

3



Harry just wants to relax and have fun by the sea. He loves going out and wants to meet other people. He wants a cheap hotel and would prefer to pay for everything together. ☐

4



Jess wants to travel abroad and learn about a different way of life. She wants to stay with local people, not in hotels. She would also like to see some performances. ☐

5



Greg doesn't like crowded beaches and wants a peaceful holiday where there aren't many people. He enjoys walking in the countryside and is happy to spend some time alone with a good book. ☐

## The best holidays

### A Golden Sands Beach Club

There's lots to do at the Golden Sands Beach Club in Mallorca. It's a holiday you can afford. Enjoy wonderful beaches and swimming in the Mediterranean or take trips to nearby villages! Then enjoy shows and make friends at the social activities in the evening. All meals and drinks are included in the price!

### C Forest camp

Get away from it all at Welldale Forest. Stay on a local working farm or in cabins in the forest. Join in farm life or explore the many paths through the forest with our friendly guides. For those who prefer to relax, you can just enjoy time on your own listening to the sounds of the forest.

### E Seaview Hotel

Enjoy a week at this wonderful, small, luxury hotel in Spain. The price includes all food and drinks, and the facilities include a swimming pool, tennis courts and a restaurant. We organise trips to plays and concerts in the evenings. There's also a beach where you can sit quietly and relax or read!

### G Active fun

Looking for an active holiday? This wonderful busy holiday resort offers tennis, swimming, golf and lots more. There's something for everyone. Lessons are available, so you can learn something new, whether you're 5 years old or 55! Fun for all the family! Price includes accommodation and breakfast.

### B Making waves

Our learn-to-sail holiday in Greece will teach you all the basics of sailing. You'll be busy but will still have time to enjoy the silence of the open sea. We stop at a small harbour every night where you can enjoy local food in small restaurants, before sleeping on your boat. Price includes accommodation but not food.

### D Culture shock

Get away from the usual tourist destinations and visit India. On this tour, you'll visit seven cities, see the famous Taj Mahal and enjoy time at a beach resort. You'll stay with families and experience daily life with them. A full programme of cultural events includes some amazing dance shows!

### F Hotel on the sea

Enjoy two weeks of luxury on this cruise around the Mediterranean visiting seven popular destinations. Relax in the sunshine by the ship's swimming pool. You won't get bored, as there are cinemas, tennis courts and a theatre on board, plus plenty of social activities in the evening.

### H On foot

Do you love walking? Try this walking tour in the mountains of Italy. Each day, you will walk with an experienced guide as part of a group of walkers, then spend the night as guests of local people. It's a great way to see some beautiful countryside and make new friends.



Look at the sentences below and choose the correct one.

Yesterday I've bought some clothes.

Yesterday I bought some clothes.



## Places and buildings

1

Put the letters into the correct order to make words. Then match them to the definitions.

oiffce      psorin      hlostipa      ctotgae      fcatyor      gtues-hsoue

1. a room or building where people work at desks .....
2. a small hotel that is not very expensive .....
3. a building where people are sent if they have committed a crime .....
4. a building where people go if they are ill .....
5. a building where people make things, often using machines .....
6. a small attractive house in the country .....

2

Choose the correct words to complete the mini dialogues.

1. **A:** Excuse me, can you tell me **(1)** *the way to / how far for* the station?  
**B:** Yes, sure. **(2)** *Take / Turn* left at the traffic lights and you'll see the station **(3)** *in front / by* front of you.
2. **A:** Excuse me, **(4)** *is it far / can you direct* to the museum?  
**B:** No. Just go **(5)** *straight off / straight on* for about half a kilometre and the museum is **(6)** *on / at* your right.



## Exam task

3

Read the text and the questions below. For each question, choose the correct answer.

### A hotel under the sea

Want to sleep under the sea? The company Planet Ocean has plans for an exciting underwater hotel, which they hope to build in locations all over the world.

The hotel won't be large, with only 12 guest rooms, plus a restaurant. Guests will get to the hotel in a lift – so no diving or getting wet! The hotel will float 10 metres under the ocean, although it will be attached to the sea bed to prevent it from moving too far. Because it won't be very deep under the water, the sun will shine down and provide light. Guests will get great close-up views of the fish and other sea creatures, which won't be bothered by the hotel and so won't make any effort to avoid it.

The hotel's design, with clear plastic walls, means guests will be able to see the sea and all the creatures that live there around, above and below them in their rooms. They will almost get the feeling that they are swimming in the ocean. The luxury rooms will have a shower, TV and even the internet. The restaurant will serve high-

quality meals. As you might expect, Planet Ocean want to encourage people to eat less fish, so guests won't find any on the menu. What's more surprising is that the atmosphere will be silent, so guests will have to imagine the sound of the ocean around them.

The hotel won't be cheap to build and it won't be cheap to stay in. But the designers are especially proud of the fact that it will be environmentally friendly. It will use electricity, of course, but it will produce its own, and won't disturb ocean life at all. In fact, the designers hope some sea creatures will build their homes on parts of the building, which will bring real benefits to the underwater world.

Planet Ocean's future designs include a moving hotel. It perhaps sounds like this will work in the same way as a cruise ship, but this is not the case. In fact, rather than moving between continents and countries, it will stay within a single country's waters, but only occasionally change positions around its coast.

- 1 What do we learn about the hotel?
  - A Guests will have to swim down to get to it.
  - B Its lights will shine into the sea so guests can see the fish.
  - C It will only have a small number of rooms.
  - D Fish and other sea creatures will be scared of it.
  
- 2 What might guests find strange about staying at the hotel?
  - A swimming from their rooms into the ocean
  - B having ocean life in their room
  - C enjoying a meal of freshly caught fish
  - D being unable to hear the ocean
  
- 3 What is the best thing about the hotel, according to the designers?
  - A It won't cost much to build.
  - B It won't use much electricity.
  - C It won't cause any damage to the environment.
  - D Fish and other sea creatures won't come very close to it.
  
- 4 Planet Ocean's moving hotel will
  - A rarely move from one site to another.
  - B travel between various countries.
  - C be similar to a type of cruise ship.
  - D remain close to the coast of each continent.
  
- 5 What might a guest in this hotel say?

A

It's very expensive, but the facilities are quite basic and the windows are too small to see outside.

B

It's great to stay in such a beautiful hotel that is also good for the planet.

C

Seeing the fish up close is amazing, but it's a shame that the hotel disturbs sea life.

D

It's a great idea, and I love the fact that it can move around and travel to different locations.



### **Exam facts**

- In this part, you read a text that includes feelings, attitudes and opinions.
- You have to choose the correct answer (A, B, C or D) for five questions.



## Environment

1

Complete the sentences with the words in the box.

bottle bank

climate

pollution

public transport

recycle

rubbish

- I think that ..... change is a really serious problem and everyone needs to do more to prevent it.
- I use ..... such as buses and trains. I try to avoid driving because it causes air .....
- I don't throw paper into the ..... bin. I always ..... it, to reduce the number of trees that are cut down.
- I always take glass bottles to the ..... It's important to use glass again.



### Exam tips

- The writer may be writing about their own experiences, or about someone or something else.
- The questions ask about the *writer's* feelings and opinions, not what *you* think.
- To find the answer to the last question, you need to read in more than one place in the text.



### Exam task

2

Read the text and the questions below. For each question, choose the correct answer.

## The price of a perfect holiday?

Cruises are becoming more and more popular, with around 20 million passengers per year now enjoying holidays on board luxury ships. Many people see a cruise as the perfect way to sit back and do nothing, and enjoy time off work. Everything you could possibly need is within easy reach. On board, there are shops, theatres, cinemas, swimming pools and leisure centres. There are more facilities, in fact, than most towns offer their residents. It's therefore easy to see why they are so popular. But what is the effect on the environment of this trend?

Although it usually takes less energy for a vehicle to move through water than over land, cruise ships are often huge, with the biggest ones carrying up to 6,000 passengers. Moving such large vehicles requires enormous engines, which burn as much as 300,000 litres of fuel a day. One scientist has calculated that cruise ships create as much pollution as 5 million cars going over the same distance. Because they are out at sea, they also burn dirtier fuel that isn't allowed

on land. Unfortunately, no government has control over the amount of air pollution out at sea.

Cruises also produce huge amounts of rubbish, and cruise ships aren't usually good at recycling. Waste water from showers and toilets is usually poured directly into the sea – as much per day as from a small town. Waste food from restaurants isn't put into the sea, but still causes problems when brought back to the land.

Cruise ships also cause difficulties in the cities where they stop. Popular destinations can get five or six ships per day, with thousands of tourists at a time. Good for restaurants? No. Restaurant owners complain that the visitors look around for a few hours and then return to their ship to eat. What's more, the crowds can put off other tourists, who complain that the streets are too busy. Some towns have banned cruise ships or put a limit on the number that can stop at the same time. People who care about the environment worry that as the cruise industry continues to grow, so too will the issues for our planet.

- 1 What is the writer trying to do in paragraph 1?
  - A persuade people to go on cruise ships
  - B explain why cruise ships have become so popular
  - C compare cruise ships with a typical holiday resort
  - D describe how the services cruise ships offer have changed
- 2 One reason cruise ships cause a lot of air pollution is because
  - A they carry large numbers of cars as well as passengers.
  - B their engines are not as efficient as those of other ships.
  - C it takes more energy to move through water than over land.
  - D they use types of fuel that are not permitted on land.
- 3 What do we learn about the waste products on cruise ships?
  - A All the waste products are carried back to shore.
  - B Waste food is often thrown away at sea.
  - C Most cruise ships recycle their waste products.
  - D An enormous amount of the waste water isn't recycled.
- 4 How do some people feel about the cruise ship passengers who visit their cities?
  - A surprised that they are rude to other tourists
  - B annoyed that they don't spend money on meals
  - C happy that they fill up all the restaurants
  - D pleased to see so many visitors to the city
- 5 Which best describes large cruise ships?
  - A They seem to offer ideal relaxing holidays, but they aren't environmentally friendly.
  - B They are becoming very popular and they bring a lot of benefits, in spite of their problems.
  - C They used to cause a lot of pollution, but things are improving now.
  - D They cause pollution in the sea and on land, so cities are planning to ban them in the future.

3

Complete the sentences with the correct form of *will* or *be going to* and the verb in brackets.

1. Look at those dark clouds. It ..... (rain).
2. I hope the concert ..... (be) good tonight.
3. That ladder doesn't look very safe. I'm sure she ..... (fall).
4. Why don't you borrow Jack's camera? I'm sure he ..... (not mind).
5. I haven't done any revision. I just know that I ..... (fail) my exam!
6. Are you going into town now? I ..... (come) with you, if that's OK.



## Sport

1

Choose the correct preposition to follow each adjective.

1. Netball is similar *with / of / to* basketball.
2. You should be ashamed *for / from / of* yourself for cheating in the game!
3. The city of Manchester is famous *of / for / from* its football teams.
4. We were very surprised *at / from / for* the result.
5. Are you interested *for / in / with* keeping fit?
6. Hurry up – I'm tired *of / from / with* waiting for you!
7. I'm not very keen *of / on / for* sport.
8. Who is responsible *for / with / about* organising the event?



## Exam task

2

Read the text and the questions below. For each question, choose the correct answer.

## Athletics in Jamaica

Jamaica has produced some of the world's best athletes, including stars such as Usain Bolt and Veronica Campbell-Brown. Is this success partly due to one event – the Jamaica Schools' Championships?

The four-day Championships have taken place every year since 1910. Nearly 200 school students take part in front of an audience of over 30,000 people. The event is also shown on live TV, and the whole country watches what is sometimes called Jamaica's mini-Olympics. The competitors take it very seriously, and they all want to win. Classmates and former students also come to support and encourage their schools.

School coach Dwayne Simpson has trained many young stars. He believes the Championships have an important role in the development of young athletes. They are the biggest schools' competition in the world, he says, and other countries are now looking to copy them. He also believes that the Championships give young athletes a reason to practise. They want to do well for their school, so

they work and train together as a team, so they produce better results.

The Championships have turned many young students into stars, but those who are most talented as adults don't always win as young teenagers. Olympic gold medallist Usain Bolt, for example, failed to win a single race at the Championships as an under-15 runner. Olympic champion Veronica Campbell-Brown was always easily beaten in the lower-age groups before finally winning as an older student.

Nathaniel Day, a young runner from Britain, has studied and trained in Jamaica for the last two years. 'Young athletes here get experience of being on TV from the age of 12,' he says, 'so when they're older, they aren't scared of big occasions and they perform well. In the UK, athletes don't perform in front of the cameras until they're adults, and sometimes they find it hard to deal with.' According to Nathaniel, the Championships also give young athletes a goal. 'Because it's such a big event, it gives them an idea of how exciting it is to perform in an Olympic stadium. It helps them develop the ambition to become champions.'

- 1 What does the text say about the Championships?
  - A Thirty thousand people watch them on TV.
  - B Young athletes take part just to have fun.
  - C They started over 100 years ago.
  - D Some former students take part.
- 2 What does Dwayne Simpson say about the Championships?
  - A Other countries should try to hold a similar competition.
  - B They have grown too big in recent years.
  - C They encourage young athletes to do their best.
  - D Schools are always keen to do well.
- 3 In paragraph 4, what does the writer say about Jamaica's Olympic champions?
  - A They could beat even the oldest students in some races.
  - B They occasionally lost races, but only to much older students.
  - C They tried much harder after losing all their races as teenagers.
  - D They took time to develop into world-class athletes.
- 4 According to Nathaniel Day, the event
  - A helps young athletes get used to being filmed.
  - B is more exciting than the Olympics.
  - C makes some young athletes feel nervous of big occasions.
  - D is hard for some young competitors to deal with.
- 5 Which best describes the Jamaica Schools' Championships?
  - A It's an international competition which prepares young athletes for the Olympics.
  - B It's an important event which helps young athletes to improve.
  - C It's a huge social event which brings people together to have fun.
  - D It's a local event which gives young athletes the chance to perform in a relaxed atmosphere.

3

Match the underlined words in the text to these definitions.

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 1. a group of people who work, train or perform together ..... | 5. be the best or get the best score in a game or contest ..... |
| 2. someone who teaches sports skills .....                     | 6. a large building where sports events take place .....        |
| 3. an event where people compete against each other .....      | 7. people who compete in a game or event .....                  |
| 4. join in with an event .....                                 | 8. taught sports skills to people .....                         |



Look at the sentences below and choose the correct one.

I'm sure that you will have a great holiday here.

I'm sure that you have a great holiday here.



**Education**

1

Put the words into the correct order to make sentences.

1. favourite / maths / my / subject / is

Maths .....

2. often / Sam / for / appointments / late / is

Sam .....

3. hobby / photography / popular / is / very / a

Photography .....

4. Mrs / usually / us / teaches / Edwards

Mrs .....

5. work / this / enough / isn't / good

This .....

6. Mr Brown / strict / as / Miss Jones / as / isn't

Miss Jones .....

7. too / test / the / for / was / difficult / me

The .....

8. work / checked / my / by / I / a friend / had

I .....

9. finished / we / eating / just / have

We .....

10. film / I / that / yet / seen / haven't

I .....



**Exam task**

2

Five sentences have been removed from the text on the next page. For each question, choose the correct answer. There are three extra sentences which you do not need to use.

- A So at least they can enjoy some parts of typical teenage life there.
- B That means the school has become a tourist attraction too!
- C These young players come here to train, of course.
- D During the school day, therefore, they don't go to some of these sessions.
- E This has helped it to provide a better education for all its students.
- F They are also expected to set a good example to younger students.
- G Which is why there are far more of these students than ever before.
- H After all, only the best ones go on to join the main team.

# Football stars at school



Can you imagine being a famous football star but still attending school? That's what some students at Ashton-on-Mersey School in England do!

The school is about 7 km from Old Trafford, the famous sports stadium that is home to Manchester United Football Club. The club takes talented teenagers from all over the world. (1)..... But even though they are following their dreams of becoming sports stars, football clubs recognise that education should still be an important part of their lives. (2)..... Although footballers can play professionally from the age of 16, most don't join professional teams until they are older.

All football clubs have to make sure that players who are under 18 are getting an education, but many choose to do this by organising classes at the club. At Manchester United, however, young players go to a normal school. (3)..... That's why at Ashton-on-Mersey School you

can see people who played against Arsenal or Liverpool on Saturday sitting down to classes with all the other students on Monday morning.

The Manchester United students have classes two days a week and study a range of subjects. While attending, they are encouraged to feel like they are part of the school. They still follow the rules like all the other pupils there. (4).....

There are many benefits to the school from their arrangement with Manchester United. The football club has given money to the school. (5)..... Perhaps more importantly, seeing successful young players in the school can encourage younger students to try hard to do well and achieve their own dreams. Successful players often return to visit the school. When one French-speaking player came back, the students were all keen to ask him questions in French! Chatting to an international football star really helped them improve their language skills.

3

Find the words in the text to complete the collocation for each definition.

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| 1. going to school                            | ..... school                              |
| 2. do what they really want to do             | follow their .....                        |
| 3. continue to have good football careers     | ..... to have successful football careers |
| 4. learn about lots of different subjects     | study a ..... of different subjects       |
| 5. do what is required by the rules           | ..... the rules                           |
| 6. believe that they belong to the school     | ..... part of the school                  |
| 7. show other people how to behave            | ..... a good example                      |
| 8. give students better lessons and equipment | ..... a better education                  |



## Exam facts

- In this part of the test, you read a text which had five gaps in it.
- Five sentences have been removed from the text.
- You have to read eight sentences and choose the correct sentence for each gap.
- There are always three extra sentences which you don't need to use.



## Shopping and services

1

Match the descriptions to the places.

1. You can open an account here.

2. It's often outdoors and you can often find bargains here.

3. The money you spend here helps other people.

4. You go here to buy medicines and things for your health.

5. It might be self-service, or there might be a waiter.

6. You go here to keep fit.

7. You go here to send a parcel.

8. You can buy clothes and other things in this big shop.

a charity shop

b post office

c bank

d department store

e market

f chemist

g sports centre

h restaurant

2

Match a sentence from Column A with a sentence from Column B.

### Column A

1. The shop only opened three weeks ago.

2. Customers had always complained about the lack of staff.

3. Many branches have closed in recent months.

4. I've always liked the clothes they sell.

5. One advantage is that the shop often opens until late.

6. Perhaps you only like shopping in small independent shops.

7. A sales assistant stopped me going into the changing room.

8. I bought a dress there which was really expensive.

### Column B

a They're comfortable and quite reasonably priced.

b Another is that it has new items on sale every week.

c Or maybe you prefer the popular stores you see on most high streets.

d So the company recently employed an extra 20 people to deal with this problem.

e She said I could only try on a maximum of four things at a time.

f That's why it still looks so new.

g But it was worth it and looked good at the wedding I went to last month.

h These changes are probably due to the rise of internet shopping.



### Exam tips

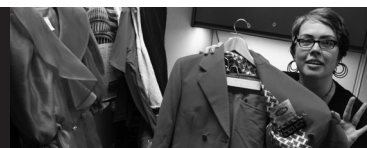
- Read the whole text quickly before you choose sentences to fill the gaps.
- Use what comes before and after each gap to help you choose the correct sentence.
- Underline the words and phrases that tell you that your answer is right.

## Exam task

3

Five sentences have been removed from the text below. For each question, choose the correct answer. There are three extra sentences which you do not need to use.

### Could a personal shopper help you?



Do you love shopping but can never find clothes that fit you or look nice? Or maybe you hate shopping and just want to get it done quickly? **(1)**.....

They have helped hundreds of customers, both men and women. People of all ages have enjoyed the benefits of their service, and it doesn't have to be expensive. We charge a small amount for your personal shopping appointment. **(2)**..... So you will probably end up spending no more than if you were shopping alone.

Before you look at any clothes, our personal shopper will discuss with you what you are looking for. It's a good idea to think about money in advance and set a limit on the amount you want to spend. **(3)**.....

All our personal shoppers are trained to know what styles and colours will suit you best. Then comes the enjoyable part! You sit back and relax while your personal shopper looks at the huge choice of clothes in our store and selects items for you to try on. One advantage of having a personal shopper is that you get your own private changing room. **(4)**.....

If you're interested in trying our personal shopping experience, why not come along to one of our

stores and talk to us? On days when the store is quiet, one of our personal shoppers might be free to help you there and then. **(5)**..... That way, you'll be sure you won't be disappointed.

For this month only, if you book an appointment with a personal shopper, we're offering a 10% discount on goods in all our store's departments, including electronic items such as computers and tablets.

So what are you waiting for? Get yourself a new look, and make shopping fun!



- A But it's always best to book in advance.
- B However, you will get this back if you buy any of the items you try on.
- C So the prices are the same whether you use the service or not.
- D This means you can take your time, even if the rest of the store is crowded.
- E Exchanging your unwanted items in this way makes shopping so much simpler.
- F Then perhaps one of our personal shoppers is what you're looking for.
- G Because of this, people generally find shopping less enjoyable than before.
- H This allows our shopping expert to find clothes within your price range.



## The natural world

1

Write the correct animal name for each definition.

bee camel cat cow dinosaur dolphin giraffe lion parrot shark

1. a colourful bird that you can teach to talk .....
2. an African animal that hunts and kills other animals .....
3. a big fish with very large teeth .....
4. a friendly, intelligent animal that lives in the sea .....
5. a large animal that lived a long time ago .....
6. an insect that lives in large groups and makes honey .....
7. an animal with a very long neck .....
8. a farm animal that people keep for its milk .....
9. a small animal with soft fur that people keep as a pet .....
10. an animal used in the desert that doesn't have to drink very often .....

2

Complete the sentences with the adjectives in brackets in the correct order.

1. Lambs are ..... animals. (farm, small, white)
2. Their dog is brown with ..... spots. (black, round, small)
3. We saw some ..... birds. (African, tiny, colourful)
4. Bears are ..... animals. (shy, large, wild)
5. The puppy had ..... fur. (brown, lovely, soft)
6. We saw a butterfly with ..... wings. (shiny, small, blue)



### Get it right!

Look at the sentence below, then try to correct the mistake.

I have just bought a new, big lamp for my bedroom.

## Exam task

3

Five sentences have been removed from the text below. For each question, choose the correct answer. There are three extra sentences which you do not need to use.

### Bees, bees, bees



Most people enjoy seeing bees in gardens and parks, but it can be scary when they're flying together in large numbers, and it can be even more frightening if they come a bit too close!

A few years ago, Lisa Turnbull was in her home in York. She had made a cake, which she had left on the kitchen table. **(1)**..... But, as she opened the window to help the cake cool more quickly, she unfortunately didn't notice the large number of bees flying around in her back garden. Lisa left the cake in the kitchen and went upstairs. A few minutes later, she heard a loud noise coming from her kitchen, so she went back downstairs. **(2)**..... They had left their old home and were looking for a new one. It seems that the queen bee, which controls all the others, had fancied a bit of cake and landed on it. She was followed by 15,000 others!

Lisa calmly closed the kitchen door and called a local beekeeper, who removed the bees from her cake. **(3)**..... Last summer, Jane Norton from Manchester had a similar experience. She was driving home from work when she noticed thousands of insects following her car. **(4)**..... She stopped the car, hoping that they would continue and leave her in peace. However, they landed on it and stayed there. Feeling rather nervous, Jane used her phone to look online and find the phone number of a local beekeeper. **(5)**..... It turned out that the queen bee had flown into the boot of the car while Jane was putting shopping into it. When she closed the boot, the queen was stuck inside, so when she drove off, the rest of the bees followed. Jane stayed in her car until the beekeeper had safely removed all the bees – which took over three hours! That's a good excuse for being late home!

- A She realised after a while that they were bees flying after her.
- B There were still a few bees in the room, but the cake had disappeared!
- C She opened the door and saw a huge number of bees.
- D The beekeeper told her that he couldn't remove such a large swarm.
- E She was very much looking forward to having a slice.
- F He arrived just half an hour later.
- G Although it wasn't damaged, Lisa didn't feel very hungry any more!
- H The bees seemed to be attracted by the cake and followed her.



## Entertainment and media

1

Complete the reviews with the words in the box.

admission    audience    classical    comedy    exhibition  
museum    orchestra    performed    plays

### What's on this month?

#### Music in the Park

A concert of (1) ..... music by Beethoven and Bach. It is (2) ..... in Central Park by the Berlin National (3) ..... . Brilliant!

#### Two's a Crowd

A wonderfully funny (4) ..... at the Royal Theatre. I saw it last night, and the (5) ..... loved it! It's written by James Garland, who has also written several very good, serious (6) ..... .

#### Animals in Art

A new (7) ..... of animal paintings, which opens at the Victoria (8) ..... next Friday. Well worth a visit. (9) ..... costs £3, but is free after 4 p.m.



### Exam task

2

For each question, choose the correct answer.

#### Emma Watson

The actress Emma Watson grew up near Oxford in the south of England and trained as an actress at the Stagecoach School in Oxford.

Although she had only acted in a few school plays, in 2001, she was lucky enough to get the (1) ..... of Hermione in the Harry Potter film

(2) ..... . This was the part which first (3) ..... her famous. She appeared in all eight of the Harry Potter films from 2001 to

2011. After the Harry Potter films, Emma (4) ..... to work in films, but also

(5) ..... a few years studying English Literature at university. She acted while she studied, and since 2012 she has continued to develop her career and has appeared in (6) .....

very successful films.



- |   |             |           |          |              |
|---|-------------|-----------|----------|--------------|
| 1 | A title     | B person  | C role   | D hero       |
| 2 | A set       | B series  | C group  | D collection |
| 3 | A produced  | B created | C caused | D made       |
| 4 | A continued | B kept    | C stayed | D remained   |
| 5 | A passed    | B spent   | C gave   | D allowed    |
| 6 | A several   | B plenty  | C lots   | D few        |

**3**

**Write a short profile of a celebrity. Use the text in Exercise 2 as a model. Include:**

- where the person was born or grew up
- how their career started
- how they became famous
- their main achievements
- what they are doing now

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....



### **Exam facts**

- In this part, you read a short text with six spaces in it.
- You have to choose the correct word (A, B, C or D) for each space.



## Transport

1

Match the sentences to the transport words.

1. You sleep here when you travel on a cruise ship.
2. This big vehicle carries goods on roads.
3. You look through this when you are driving a car.
4. This allows you to go to a place and back home again.
5. You pay this when you travel on a bus or train.
6. You can travel like this if you don't want to pay.
7. You buy fuel for your car here.
8. You can drive very fast on this.

- a return ticket
- b petrol station
- c cabin
- d hitchhike
- e windscreen
- f motorway
- g lorry
- h fare

2

Choose the correct future verb forms in the speech bubbles.

1. Hurry up – our train *leaves* / *will leave* at 4.30, and we need to get to the station!
2. I've found a great hotel online. I *book* / *'m going to book* it later today.
3. I *'ll travel* / *'m travelling* to New York tomorrow – I can't wait!
4. Is your bag heavy? I *'ll carry* / *carry* it for you.
5. The prices *are probably going* / *will probably go* up, so I think it's better to book now.
6. The brochure looks amazing – I'm sure you *have* / *'re going to have* a wonderful holiday!
7. Boarding *starts* / *is starting* 45 minutes before the flight.
8. I must go and pack my suitcase – I *'m leaving* / *'ll leave* for the airport in two hours!



### **Exam task**

3

For each question, choose the correct answer.

#### Travelling in the Glasgow area

The city of Glasgow has a modern underground rail network and plenty of buses and trains. It also has a few other forms of transport. The ferry **(1)** ..... across the river Clyde between Yoker and Renfrew is popular with tourists. There has been a ferry here for around 500 years. The **(2)** ..... takes about half an hour and it's an interesting way to see this part of the city. For a longer boat ride, you could try one of the cruises on the Clyde. The cruises **(3)** ..... at the Riverside Museum and sail down the river past some interesting historical parts of the city. If you **(4)** ..... trying something more adventurous, you could travel to the island of Mull on a seaplane. The **(5)** ..... are quite expensive, but it's an experience you won't forget. Or why not try a helicopter flight? It's not cheap, but you get an amazing **(6)** ..... of the city.

- |   |           |            |             |            |
|---|-----------|------------|-------------|------------|
| 1 | A service | B delivery | C support   | D approach |
| 2 | A trip    | B travel   | C transport | D route    |
| 3 | A leave   | B depart   | C start     | D open     |
| 4 | A fancy   | B want     | C hope      | D plan     |
| 5 | A costs   | B fees     | C fares     | D charges  |
| 6 | A scene   | B scenery  | C landscape | D view     |

### **Exam tips**

- Read through the whole text first.
- Look at the words before and after each space.
- Try each option (A, B, C and D) in the space and decide which is correct. If you are not sure, choose the one that sounds the best.



## Weather

1

Complete the texts with the words in the box.

dry    freezing    heat    humid    ice    lightning    showers    thunder

### Extreme weather facts

Antarctica is one of the coldest places on earth, with temperatures below **(1)** ..... all year round. The ground is covered in thick **(2)** ....., but there is actually very little new snowfall each year.

Lake Maracaibo in Venezuela is known as one of the storm capitals of the world. You can see **(3)** ..... in the sky and hear **(4)** ..... on up to 250 days each year!

The Lut Desert in Iran is one of the hottest places on earth. Very little grows in the extreme **(5)** ..... It's also very **(6)** ....., with hardly any rain.



The Amazonian rainforest is one of the wettest places on earth. It is hot and **(7)** ..... for most of the year, with frequent **(8)** ..... or longer periods of rain.



## Exam task

2

For each question, choose the correct answer.

### Weather forecasts

People have always tried to predict the weather. In the past, people often watched the sky for **(1)** ..... of how the weather was changing. A red sky at night, for example, suggested that the **(2)** ..... day would be fine. Animals' behaviour also provided information for forecasting the weather. For example, if cows were lying down it meant it was **(3)** ..... to rain. Nowadays, however, scientists use complicated computer models to produce weather forecasts that are much more **(4)** ..... They can say, for example, if there is a 20% or 30% chance of rain on a particular day. They can also warn people if a storm is **(5)** ..... This is important for farmers and other people who work outside. It also helps ordinary people know whether they need to **(6)** ..... an umbrella with them when they go out!

- |              |             |            |               |
|--------------|-------------|------------|---------------|
| 1 A marks    | B notices   | C signs    | D alarms      |
| 2 A last     | B following | C later    | D other       |
| 3 A possible | B likely    | C accepted | D able        |
| 4 A accurate | B close     | C true     | D near        |
| 5 A reaching | B getting   | C going    | D approaching |
| 6 A bring    | B fetch     | C wear     | D take        |

3

**Complete the conditional sentences with the correct form of the verbs. Then decide whether each sentence is a zero, first or second conditional. Write zero, first or second.**

1. If we ..... (not have) a lot of rain here, the fields wouldn't be so green. ....
2. If lightning ..... (hit) a building, it doesn't always damage it. ....
3. They will be OK on the mountain if the weather ..... (stay) fine. ....
4. If you see lightning, you usually ..... (hear) thunder soon after. ....
5. I ..... (be) really scared if I found myself in the middle of a big storm. ....
6. If you don't get too close to the storm, you ..... (not be) in danger. ....
7. We ..... (go) to the beach if it's sunny. ....
8. I would love to take photos of a storm if I ..... (have) a good camera. ....



### ***Get it right!***

**Look at the sentence below. Then try to correct any mistakes.**

If I were you I will go to the countryside because it is a lovely place and it is very peaceful.



## People

1a

Match the words to the definitions.

1. colleague

2. cousin

3. best friend

4. classmate

5. grandparent

6. nephew

7. boss

8. teacher

a the son of your brother or sister

b someone who you study with at school or college

c your manager at work

d your aunt and uncle's child

e someone who gives the lessons at school or college

f your mum or dad's mum or dad

g someone who you work with

h the person you're closest to, who's usually not in your family

1b

Use prepositions to fill in the gaps in these sentences. Use only ONE word in each gap.

- The company I work ..... employs about 50 people.
- Stella usually walks ..... school, but sometimes she gets the bus there.
- My older sister is studying medicine ..... university.
- Tony has lots of homework to do ..... school this evening, so he can't go out.
- There's a new student in my class who comes ..... Spain.
- The bus stop is just ..... front of the cinema.
- I feel ill, so I'm staying at home today instead ..... going to school.
- Fiona's often late for school, but she's ..... time today.



## Exam facts

- In this part of the test, you read a short text which has six gaps in it.
- You have to put ONE word into each of the six gaps.
- The words you put in the gaps are usually grammatical words, not vocabulary. They may test your knowledge of phrasal verbs or common phrases.

 **Exam task**

2

For each question, write the correct answer. Write ONE word for each gap.

## My big brother

In my blog post today, I want to tell you about my big brother, Steve. He's four years older **(1)** ..... me and he's my only brother. I don't have any sisters. We get on well **(2)** ..... each other, despite the difference in our ages. He's in his final year **(3)** ..... high school and he wants to study languages when he goes to university next year. He's really good at learning new languages. He **(4)** ..... already learned to speak three (English, French and German) and wants to learn Russian and Japanese too.

I **(5)** ..... miss him when he goes away next year. We often do things together. Last week, for example, we went to the cinema together. The film we both wanted to see wasn't on any more, so we

ended **(6)** ..... watching something that wasn't very good. But we had fun together anyway, like we always do.



3

Write a short profile of someone in your family. Use the text in Exercise 2 as a model. Include:

- who the person is and their relationship to you
- what your relationship with them is like
- what they do (school, work, etc.) and what they are good at
- what you do with them when you're together

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**Health, medicine and exercise**

**1a**

Complete the short conversations using the correct auxiliary verb.

1. A: When ..... you start going running regularly?  
B: About two years ago.
2. A: What ..... these machines used for?  
B: They measure how fast your heart is beating.
3. A: How often ..... Helen go swimming these days?  
B: Three or four times a week.
4. A: How long ..... you had that bike?  
B: About three months.
5. A: Where ..... football first played?  
B: Some people think it was in the UK, others think it was in China.
6. A: When ..... you usually have lunch?  
B: At about 1 o'clock.
7. A: Unfortunately, two players ..... injured during the match.  
B: Oh no!
8. A: Keith ..... lost a lot of weight recently.  
B: Yes, about 10kg.

**1b**

Use a word from the box to complete the sentences below.

diet	blood	patient	temperature
prescription	gym	rest	stress

1. I go to the ..... three times a week to do some exercise.
2. It's important to avoid having lots of ..... in your life if you can.
3. My doctor gave me a ..... and the medicine's making me feel better already.
4. It's amazing how much doctors can find out just by testing a bit of your .....
5. I've improved my ..... and now eat things which are much healthier.
6. In my country, doctors only spend about ten minutes with each .....
7. I don't feel well – I've got a high ..... and a headache.
8. The doctor told me to get plenty of ..... and to drink lots of water.



## ✓ Exam task

2

For each question, write the correct answer. Write ONE word for each gap.

### Getting healthier

I have quite a healthy life these days, but I wasn't always so good! A few months (1) ....., I realised that I needed to change my habits. I (2) ..... spending too much time online and not eating well. I decided to do something (3) ..... it.

The first thing I changed was my diet. My parents have always provided me with healthy meals, but I often ate unhealthy snacks like crisps and sweets in (4) ..... meals. I stopped doing this and immediately lost some weight. Then I started to do more exercise. (5) ..... of sitting at my laptop all evening, I went out for a short run. I ran a little further each week and feel so much better now! I also realised that I wasn't getting (6) ..... sleep

because of staying up late surfing the internet. I've also decided to limit my time online. All this goes to show – anyone can change!



3

What advice would you give someone about eating a healthy diet? Write a paragraph below, giving your ideas.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

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## ✓ Exam tips

- Read the whole text quickly before you start writing words in the gaps.
- Then read the text more carefully and decide what kind of word (conjunction, preposition, etc.) goes in each gap.
- Fill in the gaps and then read the text again to check that it makes sense.



# Clothes and accessories

1a

Choose the correct word to complete the sentences about clothes and accessories.

1. Many women carry their purses and other items in a *backpack* / *handbag*.
2. I prefer T-shirts with long *sleeves* / *buttons* that cover up my arms.
3. Sally always carries an *umbrella* / *uniform* because it rains a lot where she lives.
4. That dress really *suits* / *matches* you!
5. Billy's shirt *suits* / *matches* his trousers – they look great together.
6. Why don't you *try on* / *try out* that dress if you like it so much?
7. Janet would love those shoes – can you remember what *length* / *size* she is?
8. That shirt *holds* / *fits* you really well.

1b

Use ONE word in each gap to complete the sentences.

1. What you wear for a party depends ..... what kind of party it is.
2. I didn't see anything I wanted to buy ..... first, but then I found a really nice top.
3. I usually iron my clothes at ..... same time as watching TV.
4. I tore a hole in my new T-shirt ..... accident.
5. The clothes shop is closed today ..... to a lack of staff.
6. My older brother loves fashion and spends at ..... £100 a month on clothes.
7. I'm really looking ..... to watching the fashion show.
8. My sister doesn't like wearing skirts or dresses and ..... do I.



## Get it right!

Look at the sentences below and choose the correct one.

- I prefer going shopping with friends to going at my own.  
I prefer going shopping with friends to going on my own.

## Exam task

2

For each question, write the correct answer. Write ONE word for each gap.

### Making my clothes

I started making some of my own clothes last year and I'm really enjoying it. It was my mum (1) ..... first got me interested in learning to sew because she makes a lot of her own things. I started off by designing something quite simple – a T-shirt. It wasn't as easy (2) ..... I thought it would be, and it took me quite a long time. I was pleased (3) ..... the finished product, though, and I enjoyed sewing it. I liked it so much, (4) ..... fact, that I decided to study how to make clothes at college. I signed (5) ..... for a course earlier this year and started in July. So far on the course, I've learned all about making trousers and skirts and we're going to start looking

at shirts quite soon. It's great, and I've saved loads (6) ..... money, as I've bought fewer clothes.



3

Use a linking word from the box to complete the sentences.

but	and	because	so	despite	or
-----	-----	---------	----	---------	----

1. The two friends went out without their coats ..... the fact it was raining.
2. I could either wear my sandals ..... these trainers. Which would be best?
3. They had some really nice trousers, ..... I couldn't find any nice shirts.
4. I couldn't get the jumper I wanted ..... I didn't have enough money.
5. The weather was really warm, ..... Anna decided to wear shorts and a T-shirt.
6. I've bought Mum a necklace for her birthday ..... I've also got her a bracelet.



## Shopping and services

1

Match the definitions to the words for clothes.

1. They're a kind of jewellery.

2. People wear this on the beach to go in the sea.

3. You wear this under your other clothes.

4. You wear these on your feet, especially in winter.

5. This is the part of a shirt that goes around your neck.

6. You might see these on dress or shirt material.

7. These keep your hands warm.

8. You might wear this if your trousers are too loose.

9. You might put this on in wet weather.

10. Footballers wear this to show which team they are playing for.

a collar

b belt

c kit

d earrings

e underwear

f raincoat

g boots

h swimsuit

i gloves

j stripes

2

Read the email. Find:

- the sentence which says why Josh is writing .....
- the phrase Josh uses to apologise .....
- the sentence which explains why he can't go shopping on Saturday .....
- the sentence which suggests when and where they could meet .....
- two linking words .....



[Reply](#)

[Forward](#)

**Subject: Shopping trip**

Hi Liam,

I'm emailing you about the shopping trip we planned on Saturday. I'm afraid I can't go because I'm going to visit my sister in London. Maybe you could come round to my house on Sunday and we could go into town together then?

Josh



## Exam task

3

Read this email from your English-speaking friend Blake and the notes you have made.

● ● ●

**From:** Blake

**Subject:** New shopping centre

[Reply](#)

[Forward](#)

Hi!

Do you remember we talked about going to that new shopping centre? Well, my brother says he'll take us there this weekend if we want.

Great! My brother can go on either day, so which day is better for you?

It's actually my brother's birthday soon, so I'd like to buy him present while we're there - what do you think I should get him?

Suggest There's a cinema very near the shopping centre and ice skating too. We could do one of those after we've finished shopping. Which would you prefer?

See you soon

Blake

Great!

Suggest

Say which day

Explain to Blake

Write your **email** to Blake, using **all the notes**, in about **100 words**.

.....

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.....

## Exam facts

- In this part of the test, you read an email from someone and some comments about the information in the email.
- You have to reply to the email using the comments.
- You have to use all of the comments and write about 100 words.



## People and relationships

1

Read about three problems with relationships. Complete the problems with the correct words.

annoying	arguments	ask	disagree	get on
in common	relationship	respect	share	similar

A I'm going camping with some friends this summer. I've got to share a tent with two other girls, but I really don't (1) ..... with one of them. We don't have anything (2) ....., and I find her really (3) ..... ! What shall I do?  
Edith

B I love my family, but my brother and I (4) ..... about everything. We often have (5) ..... and he doesn't (6) ..... my opinions at all. I'd like to have a better (7) ..... with him. What can I do?  
Adam

C There's a girl that I talk to at the bus stop every morning. We (8) ..... a lot of interests, and I think we're quite (9) ..... in a lot of ways. I'd like to (10) ..... her out, but I'm scared she'll say no. What should I do?  
Paul

2

Read part of an email that Emma receives and her reply. Find:

1. an informal phrase that Emma uses to start her email
2. the part of Emma's email that answers her friend's first question
3. the part that answers her friend's second question
4. five short forms that Emma uses to make her email informal
5. five adjectives and one intensifying adverb that Emma uses to make her writing interesting
6. examples of the present simple, present continuous, past simple, *will* and *would*
7. two phrases that Emma uses to make suggestions
8. three linking words that Emma uses
9. an informal phrase that Emma uses to end her email

I'm spending a year studying in Australia. It's great, but I'm really missing my friends back home. How can I make new friends here? How do you keep in contact with old friends?



[Reply](#)

[Forward](#)

Subject: RE: Friends

Hi Jodie,  
I'm glad you're enjoying Australia. The weather in your photos looks absolutely amazing!  
I'm sure you'll soon make friends. You love sport, so why don't you join a sports club? That would be a great way to meet people. As soon as you get to know some people, you could organise a barbecue – that would be fun! I've got a few old friends from when I lived in London. We stay in contact online. We send messages and photos to each other, and we try to meet up when we can.  
Take care and write soon!  
Love,  
Emma

## Exam task

3

Read this email from your English-speaking friend Rowan and the notes you have made.

● ● ●

**From:** Rowan

**Subject:** Some advice

[Reply](#)

[Forward](#)

Hi!

I've had a problem with my family recently and I want to ask your advice.

Oh no! We had a big family party yesterday, but I had an argument about something really silly with my cousin and we've stopped talking to each other. Has anything like this ever happened to you?

What do you think I should do to make things better?

Explain to Rowan Should I wait a bit before I do anything, or should I try to do something straightaway?

Thanks for your help and see you soon.

Rowan

Yes, and...

Say which

Write your **email** to Rowan, using **all the notes**, in about **100 words**.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

## Exam tips

- Read the email carefully, especially any questions you are asked.
- Read all four comments about the email and think about what they are asking you to do.
- Make sure you write about all of the comments in your reply.



## Weather

1

Choose the correct words to complete the sentences.

1. We had an awful holiday – the weather was *amazing* / *terrible*!
2. The strong winds *blew* / *moved* our fence down.
3. The snow usually starts to *fall* / *drop* in January.
4. It was a really *depressed* / *miserable* wet day!
5. My little sister is *anxious* / *terrified* of storms.
6. Let's go outside while the sun is *shining* / *lighting*.
7. We were all *brilliant* / *delighted* when the sun came out.
8. We've had a lot of rain – I hope the river won't *flow* / *flood*.

2

Choose the correct words to complete the text about the weather in Iceland.

(1) ..... it is situated in the far north of Europe, Iceland's climate is not as cold as you might expect. The island (2) ..... attracts a large number of tourists. From May to September, visitors can enjoy daylight almost 24 hours a day. (3) ..... , it is often cloudy for at least a part of each day, so don't expect 24-hour sunshine! There are frequent showers (4) ..... , so it's a good idea to bring a raincoat with you. Winter is the time of long nights and colder weather. There are (5) ..... frequent storms, which can be frightening. You might think this would stop the tourists from coming, (6) ..... , in fact, the country is still a popular destination in winter, (7) ..... of the bad weather. Visitors should bring warm clothing and a swimsuit (8) ..... if they want to try a swim in one of the country's natural hot swimming pools, such as the famous Blue Lagoon.



- |               |           |            |
|---------------|-----------|------------|
| 1. A However  | B But     | C Although |
| 2. A also     | B and     | C as well  |
| 3. A Despite  | B However | C Although |
| 4. A too      | B also    | C and      |
| 5. A also     | B as well | C too      |
| 6. A and      | B but     | C however  |
| 7. A despite  | B however | C in spite |
| 8. A addition | B also    | C as well  |

## Exam task

3

Read this email from your English-speaking friend Marley and the notes you have made.

● ● ●

**From:** Marley

**Subject:** My holiday

[Reply](#) [Forward](#)

Fantastic! → Hi!

→ I'm going on holiday to your country next month with my family.

→ What's the weather like at that time of year?

Explain → I'm just planning what I need to take. What sort of clothes do you think I need to take?

Tell Marley → What do you think I should do while I'm there? ← Suggest

Thanks for your help.

Marley

Write your **email** to Marley, using **all the notes**, in about **100 words**.

.....

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## Get it right!

Look at the sentences below and choose the correct one.

My mum also said me to take some T-shirts.

My mum also told me to take some T-shirts.

## Food and drink

1a

Complete the two recipes with the words in the boxes.

add    fresh    fry    onion    roll    serve    spicy    up

A

Cut (1) ..... some meat and an (2) ..... into very small pieces. You can do this in a food mixer if you have one. (3) ..... salt and pepper, and some (4) ..... herbs and form it into a round, flat shape. Grill this, or (5) ..... it in hot oil. (6) ..... it in a bread (7) ..... , with tomato sauce or a hot, (8) ..... barbecue sauce.

boil    butter    cook    cover    saucepan    smooth    stir    vegetables

B

Cut onions, carrots and other fresh (1) ..... into small pieces. Put them into a large (2) ..... with a small amount of (3) ..... or oil. (4) ..... slowly for a few minutes on a low heat, then (5) ..... with hot water, increase the heat and (6) ..... for about 45 minutes. Mix everything together in a food mixer until it is completely (7) ..... (8) ..... in a little fresh cream and pour into bowls. Serve with bread and butter.

1b

Now match each recipe to a description of the dish. There are two descriptions you don't need.

1. a lovely vegetable soup for a tasty winter lunch .....
2. a wonderful dish of meat cooked in a fresh tomato sauce .....
3. a tasty, healthy burger .....
4. a delicious pie made with meat and fresh vegetables .....

2

Choose the correct alternative to complete the sentences.

1. Would you like a / some biscuit with your coffee?
2. Stir in the chocolate, then bake a / the cake for 45 minutes.
3. I'm a vegetarian, so I don't eat - / the meat.
4. - / The French fries aren't very healthy.
5. I'm afraid I haven't got any / some orange juice.
6. There are plenty of / much dishes on the menu to choose from.
7. You don't need to add much / many salt.
8. I've got any / some fish for dinner.

## **Exam task**

3

You see this notice on an English-language website.

Articles wanted!

### **My favourite restaurant**



Do you have a favourite restaurant?

What makes it such a good place to eat? Is it the place, the food, the staff or all of these things?

What would make it even better?

Tell us about it!

**Write an article answering these questions. We will publish the most interesting ones on our website.**

Write your **article** in about **100 words**.

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## **Exam facts**

- In this part of the exam, you can choose from two different tasks.
- The first task is an article and the second task is a story.
- For the article, you read a notice and write an article using the information in the notice.
- For the story, you are given the first line and you must continue the story.
- You need to write about 100 words for both tasks.
- You only need to do ONE of the tasks!



## Entertainment and media

1

Read the story and answer the questions.

1. Which paragraph deals with the background to the main events?
2. Which paragraph includes the main events of the story?
3. Which paragraph includes a conclusion?
4. Underline two examples of the past continuous, and two examples of the past perfect.
5. Put boxes around three words that are used to order the events in the story.
6. Circle examples of adjectives and adverbs that make the story more interesting and exciting.

### My day as a film actor

A

Last summer, a film company was making a film in my town. I had always wanted to be in a film, so I applied to be in a crowd scene. I was delighted when I was chosen!

B

The day of the filming arrived. First, they gave us our costumes. Next, someone did our make-up and hair.

I stood there nervously while I was waiting for my scene.

It had to be perfect! We practised 20 times. Finally, the director was happy and we filmed it.

C

Unfortunately, I didn't become a film star, but I met some famous actors and I had a fantastic day! Three months later, I was very proud to watch the film that I had made!



2

Choose the correct verb forms to complete the sentences.

1. I didn't perform well because I *didn't learn* / *hadn't learned* all my words properly.
2. Daniel Radcliffe *played* / *was playing* Harry in all the Harry Potter films.
3. She first *appeared* / *was appearing* on TV as an actor, and later she was given her own chat show.
4. I suddenly lost my voice while I *sang* / *was singing* on stage.
5. My sister went to drama school because she *had always wanted* / *was always wanting* to be an actor.
6. I met some famous singers when I was *working* / *had worked* at a music festival.
7. The star refused to answer when the interviewer *asked* / *was asking* him about his personal life.
8. Some friends took me to see an exciting new band that they *were hearing* / *had heard* about.



**Your English teacher has asked you to write a story.  
Your story must begin with this sentence.**

Write your **story** in about **100 words**.

[illegible]

**If you choose the story:**

- Try to use a variety of tenses and structures in your writing.

**If you choose the article:**

- Make sure your article has a clear introduction and ending.



## Travel and holidays

1

Choose the correct time expressions to complete the story.

I woke up early last Saturday morning. I was really excited because I was going to Florida to visit my uncle. I didn't want to forget anything! **(1)** *Then / First*, I packed my bags and checked the weight – no problem! **(2)** *Then / After* I made sure I had my tickets and passport. **(3)** *Before / Next*, I called a taxi to take me to the airport, and **(4)** *later five minutes / five minutes later*, it arrived. Everything was going perfectly, but then we **(5)** *suddenly / sudden* hit a traffic jam on the road to the airport! **(6)** *In time / By the time* we got to the airport, I was really anxious. I hadn't flown on my own **(7)** *before / first*, and now I was really late. **(8)** *After / Later* I'd gone through the security checks, I only had ten minutes to get to the gate. **(9)** *Earlier / Finally*, I got onto the plane just in time, and was able to sit back and relax, and begin to enjoy my holiday!



2

Read the stories of unlucky travellers. Complete the phrasal verbs with the correct form of the words in the box. You can use the verbs more than once.

check	get	hold	put	set	take
-------	-----	------	-----	-----	------

- When I arrived at the hotel, I got my passport out ready to **(1)** ..... in at Reception, but I found that it didn't exist – they were still building the hotel!
- Last month, I **(2)** ..... off booking my holiday for a few weeks because I was unsure of my plans. When I finally booked, they had **(3)** ..... all the prices up!
- I was travelling to Edinburgh by train last year. The train arrived at the platform and I **(4)** ..... on. Unfortunately, I fell asleep, and when I finally **(5)** ..... off, nine hours later, I was in Aberdeen – 200 km further north!
- I was staying in a hotel last month. On the day I was leaving, I forgot to set my alarm and I **(6)** ..... out 15 minutes after the normal departure time. They charged me for an extra day!
- I was flying to New York last summer. The weather had been really nice for weeks, but on the day of my flight there was suddenly a big storm. My flight finally **(7)** ..... off 16 hours late!
- A few weeks ago, I was driving to Manchester to meet some old friends for lunch. I **(8)** ..... off early, but I was **(9)** ..... up in traffic for five hours, so I missed the lunch! Luckily, I still saw my friends!

 **Exam task**

3

You see this notice on an English-language website.

Articles wanted!

## The best holiday I've ever had



Where did you go? What did you do there?

How did you travel?

What made it so special?

**Write an article answering these questions. We will publish the most interesting ones on our website.**

Write your **article** in about **100 words**.

.....

.....

.....

.....

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.....

.....

.....

 **Get it right!**

**Look at the sentence below. Then try to correct the mistake.**

He taught me much things which I didn't know before.



## Sport

1

Complete the sentences with the correct form of **do**, **go** or **play**.

1. Have you ever ..... gymnastics?
2. I'm ..... tennis with my friends on Saturday.
3. My sister ..... horse-riding every weekend. She's the best rider I know.
4. I ..... volleyball with friends last night. They're much better than me!
5. Do you ..... yoga? I've heard it helps you to relax.
6. We ..... swimming in the river last Sunday – it was great.
7. I ..... a lot of athletics when I was young.
8. My friend Olly's ..... skiing every weekend this winter.



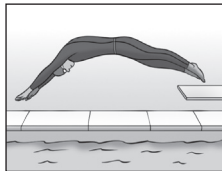
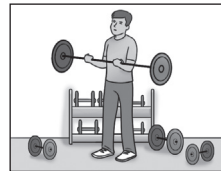
## Exam task

2

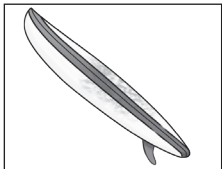
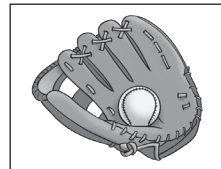


Track 1 For each question, choose the correct answer.

- 1 What did the man do at the sports centre yesterday?

A ☐B ☐C ☐

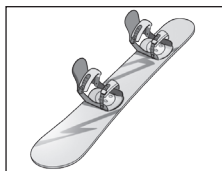
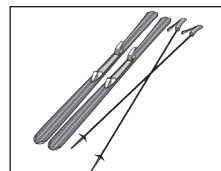
- 2 Which sport does the woman compete in?

A ☐B ☐C ☐

- 3 Where will the friends go running this evening?

A ☐B ☐C ☐

- 4 Which winter sport was Max good at when he was young?

A ☐B ☐C ☐

5 What did the girl lose?



A ☐



B ☐



C ☐

6 Which sports instructor is the man going to meet today?



A ☐

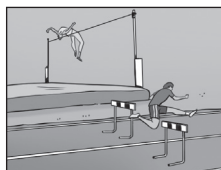


B ☐

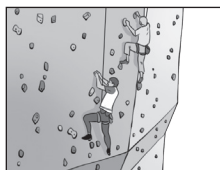


C ☐

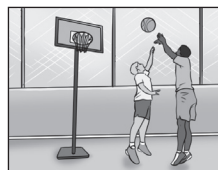
7 What will open at the sports centre soon?



A ☐



B ☐



C ☐

3

Complete the sentences with the comparative or superlative form of the word in brackets.

1. My uncle's one of ..... (strong) people I know.
2. That was ..... (challenging) race I've ever competed in.
3. Oliver and Joe can kick the ball hard, but Dan can kick it ..... (hard).
4. That was ..... (exciting) match I've seen this year.
5. I find boxing ..... (tiring) than ice skating, but I'm quite good at both.
6. This year, my coach has arranged a ..... (reasonable) training plan than last year.



### Exam facts

- In this part, you listen to seven conversations or monologues.
- There are seven questions, each with three pictures.
- You have to choose the picture (A, B or C) that matches what the people say.



## Travel and holidays

1

Complete the text with the words in the box.

boarding pass  
destination

check-in  
documents

customs  
luggage

departure  
security

When you arrive at the airport, you go to the (1) ..... desk, where they weigh your (2) ..... and give you a (3) ..... so that you can get on the plane. You have to show them your travel (4) ..... , such as a passport and airline ticket. Then you go through (5) ..... , where your bags are looked at, to make sure you are not carrying anything dangerous in them. After this, you go to the (6) ..... area, where you can have something to eat and drink while you wait for your plane. When you land at your (7) ..... , you have to go through (8) ..... before you leave the airport, where someone may check your bags to see what you are carrying.



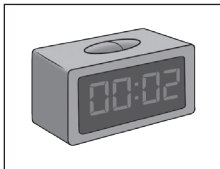
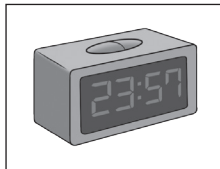
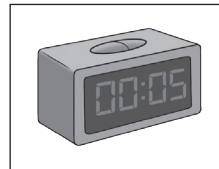
### Exam task

2

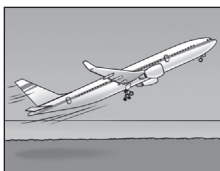
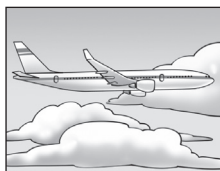
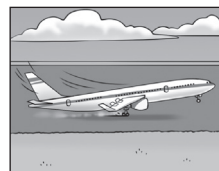


Track 2 For each question, choose the correct answer.

1 What time will the flight to Brussels leave?

A ☐B ☐C ☐

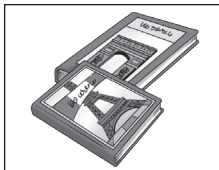
2 What does the man enjoy most about flying?

A ☐B ☐C ☐

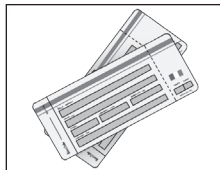
3 Where will Maggie's family stay on holiday this year?

A ☐B ☐C ☐

4 What has the woman left behind?



A ☐

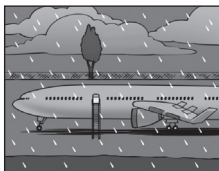


B ☐

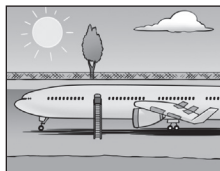


C ☐

5 What will the weather be like when the plane arrives?



A ☐



B ☐

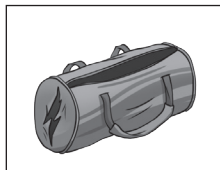


C ☐

6 What was damaged during the journey?



A ☐

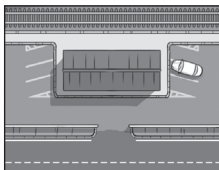


B ☐

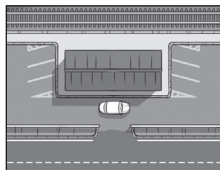


C ☐

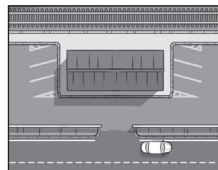
7 Where can you park your car for free?



A ☐



B ☐



C ☐

3

Match 1–6 to a–f to make comparative sentences.

1. The train is not as

2. Travelling by car is just as

3. This brochure has much more

4. The tour guide was

5. Hong Kong

6. The villages on the coast are less

a expensive hotels in it than that one.

b late as it sometimes is.

c is busier than I realised.

d boring as going by train.

e crowded than the towns.

f more interesting than I expected.

### Exam tips

- Read the questions very carefully. Underline the most important words in the question.
- The people will talk about what you can see in all three pictures, but only one is correct.
- The first time you listen, choose your answers. The second time you listen, check that your answers are correct.

**The natural world****1**

Complete the words to match the definitions.

1. where a river drops from a high point to a low point w \_ \_ \_ \_ a \_ \_
2. the area of land next to the sea c \_ \_ \_ t
3. a very large sea o \_ e \_ \_
4. high rocks, often next to the sea c \_ \_ f \_
5. a low area of land between hills with a river in it v \_ \_ \_ \_ y
6. there are seven of these large areas of land in the world c \_ n \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ s
7. a large forest in a very wet area r \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ s \_
8. a hole in the side of a hill or under the ground c \_ \_ \_

**2**

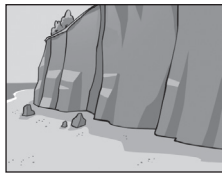
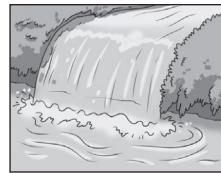
Choose the correct adverb.

1. The rain fell so *heavily* / *angrily* on the roof that it kept me awake all night!
2. Snow falls so *softly* / *suddenly* that you can't hear it at all.
3. The sun shines *happily* / *beautifully* on the hills in the evening.
4. Ben shouted *strongly* / *loudly* to his friend who was lost in the fog.
5. The wind *lightly* / *kindly* moved the leaves on the trees.
6. The fox hid *curiously* / *quietly* in the cave all night.

**Exam task****3**

Track 3 For each question, choose the correct answer.

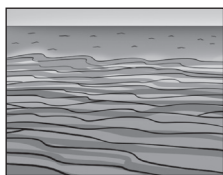
- 1 Which is the girl's favourite photo?

A ☐B ☐C ☐

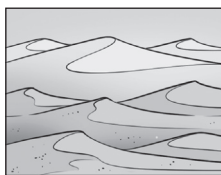
- 2 What should people not do?

A ☐B ☐C ☐

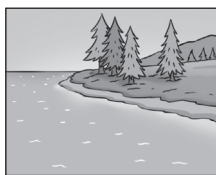
3 What has the woman studied in college this week?



A ☐

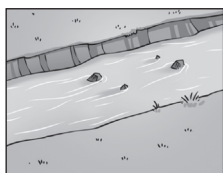


B ☐



C ☐

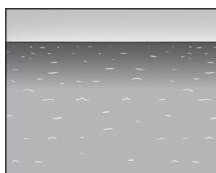
4 Where does the man prefer to swim?



A ☐

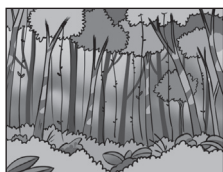


B ☐

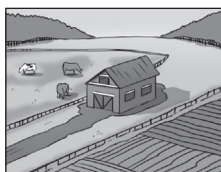


C ☐

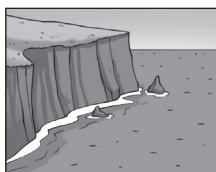
5 What did the students enjoy learning about in the lecture today?



A ☐



B ☐



C ☐

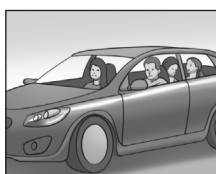
6 How did the family travel in Iceland?



A ☐

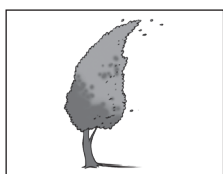


B ☐



C ☐

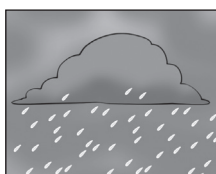
7 What did the friends learn about in the TV programme?



A ☐



B ☐



C ☐



**Get it right!**

Look at the sentence below. Then try to correct the mistake.

It's much more bigger than the old wardrobe.

**School life**

1

Complete the sentences using the words from the box.

play

talk

uniform

trip

classmates

journey

- I'm best friends with one of my .....
- Sometimes a speaker comes to our school to give a ..... to the students.
- My parents are coming to see me in the school ..... tonight.
- I'm glad we don't have to wear a ..... at our school.
- My ..... to school is quite long – it takes about 45 minutes.
- I went on a school ..... to a museum last month.

**Exam task**

2



Track 4 For each question, choose the correct answer.

- You will hear two friends talking about a school trip to a wildlife park. The boy thinks that wildlife parks
  - help to save many rare animals.
  - are great for teaching people about nature.
  - should just have animals from places with similar climates.
- You will hear two friends discussing a talk they went to. They agree that
  - the speaker was amusing.
  - the information in the talk was useful.
  - the pictures the speaker showed were interesting.
- You will hear two friends talking about a new classmate. What does the girl say about their new classmate?
  - She seems quite shy.
  - She works hard in lessons.
  - She reminds her of someone.
- You will hear two friends talking about a college play they're in. What does the boy want the girl to do?
  - try to get him a part
  - help him learn his lines
  - give him advice about acting

- 5 You will hear two friends talking about school uniforms. The girl thinks that school uniforms
- 6 You will hear two friends talking about the journey on a college trip. They agree that
- A make life easier for parents.  
B can be confusing for teachers.  
C improve students' behaviour.
- A it was much quicker than they expected.  
B there were plenty of refreshments.  
C the other passengers were funny.

3a

Complete the sentences using *before, while, although, since, plus or unless*.

- I spend hours trying to learn things for exams, ..... I rarely remember what I've read.
- I can browse the internet for hours ..... I realise how long I've been online.
- Doing homework with friends is good fun, ..... you can help each other too.
- I've made loads of new friends ..... I started my new school.
- I'm planning to go to the cinema this weekend ..... I get lots of homework.
- ..... I can see how doing homework benefits me, it's not good to get too much.

3b

What are the advantages and disadvantages of going to school? Write a paragraph with your ideas.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....



### Exam facts

- In this part of the test, you listen to six short conversations between people that know each other.
- You have to read each question and the three possible answers, A, B and C.
- You have to choose the answer that matches what the speakers say.

**Leisure activities**

1

Choose the correct verb to complete the sentences.

1. Could I *borrow* / *lend* your tablet this evening, please?
2. Do you and your family *do* / *make* many activities together in your free time?
3. I don't like *spending* / *wasting* my free time, so I try and do lots of things.
4. Shall I *bring* / *take* my new computer game to your house tonight?
5. Don't forget to *tell* / *say* Anna that we've changed the time that we're meeting.
6. I've *known* / *met* some really nice people at this concert.
7. Will you *learn* / *teach* me how to play the guitar one day?
8. Hurry up! We don't want to *lose* / *miss* the bus to the cinema.

**Exam task**

2



Track 5 For each question, choose the correct answer.

- 1 You will hear a girl telling her friend about a boat trip.  
How does the girl feel about the boat trip?  
**A** grateful it was so short  
**B** surprised the sea was so rough  
**C** disappointed it was so crowded
- 2 You will hear a brother and sister talking about cooking.  
What is the brother trying to do?  
**A** improve his sister's confidence at cooking  
**B** encourage his sister to make him something  
**C** suggest that his sister should cook for their parents
- 3 You will hear a girl telling a friend about a band she's in.  
The girl says that the singer  
**A** is very confident on stage.  
**B** has an interesting singing style.  
**C** writes unusual songs.
- 4 You will hear a girl telling her friend about a drama course she's doing.  
The girl feels  
**A** certain she will enjoy it.  
**B** confident she will do well on it.  
**C** pleased with the activities so far.

5 You will hear two friends talking about a book they've read.  
What did the boy like best about it?

- A It has an unusual main character.
- B There is lots of action in it.
- C The ending is a surprise.

6 You will hear two friends talking about a TV talent show.  
What do they think should change about the show?

- A the people who introduce it
- B the people who perform on it
- C the people who comment on the performers

3a

Complete the sentences using *but, though, too, and, because or so*.

1. I practise playing the piano for one hour every day, ..... I'm getting quite good.
2. I love playing video games – I don't really enjoy board games .....
3. Max really enjoys cooking and he loves painting .....
4. Emily sees her best friend quite often ..... they're classmates and live near each other.
5. I'm going shopping ..... seeing my grandparents this weekend.
6. Claire likes pop music ..... she hates classical.

3b

What are your favourite free-time activities, and why?

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....



### Exam tips

- Read the questions and the options A, B and C very carefully.
- The people will talk about all three of the options, but only one of them is correct.
- The first time you listen, try to choose the correct answer. Check your answer the second time you listen.

**Sports and games**

1

Complete the table with the correct words for sports and equipment.

Sport	Equipment
cricket	(1) b _ _
tennis	(2) r _ _ _ _
(3) s _ _ _ _	boat
football	(4) g _ _ _
(5) b _ _ _ _ _ _	hoop
surfing	(6) s _ _ _ _ _ _
(7) b _ _ _ _	gloves

**Exam task**

2



Track 6 For each question, choose the correct answer.

- You will hear two friends talking about going skiing.  
The girl thinks that going skiing is
  - less fun than a beach holiday.
  - too dangerous for her and her family.
  - only exciting for the first few days.
- You will hear two friends talking about professional football.  
They agree that
  - footballers are paid too much.
  - the managers have a difficult job.
  - there should be less shown on TV.
- You will hear two friends talking about a cycling club.  
The boy is
  - suggesting that the girl goes on a ride with him.
  - persuading the girl to join the club.
  - describing where the members usually cycle to.
- You will hear two friends talking about a sailing course they did.  
They enjoyed the course because
  - the equipment was high quality.
  - the instructor gave clear instructions.
  - the conditions were perfect for sailing.

- 5 You will hear two friends talking about a video game.  
They think that it would be better if
- A there were more levels.
  - B the characters were more interesting.
  - C it had better music.
- 6 You will hear two friends talking about a basketball game they went to.  
Why were they disappointed with it?
- A The game was boring.
  - B Their favourite team lost.
  - C A player they like got hurt.

3

**Are the relative pronouns in these sentences correct? Correct the ones which are wrong.**

1. Football and cricket are the sports *who* the greatest number of people play around the world.
2. People *what* go cycling are called cyclists.
3. The match *which* was on TV last night was watched by millions of people.
4. *Whom* tracksuit is this? You'll need it for our sports lesson today.
5. People *which* go skiing must be quite brave as it can be dangerous.
6. The referee is the person *that* stops players breaking the rules of the game.



**Get it right!**

**Look at the two sentences below. Which one is correct?**

- The stadium that the match was played can hold 100,000 people.
- The stadium where the match was played can hold 100,000 people.



## Free time

1

Put the words into the correct order to make questions.  
Then write your answers.



1. go / how / cinema / to / you / the / do / often / ?      4. exercise / last / you / any / did / weekend / do / ?

.....  
.....

What kind of films do you like to watch?

.....  
.....

2. music / ever / you / festival / been / to / have / a / ?

.....  
.....

What did you enjoy about it?

.....  
.....

3. reading / you / do / enjoy / ?

.....  
.....

What was the last book you read?

.....  
.....

5. play / musical / you / a / instrument / can / ?

.....  
.....

Which instruments do you like the sound of?

.....  
.....

6. gamer / a / you / are / ?


.....  
.....

Why do you like gaming?

.....  
.....

## Exam task

2

 Track 7 For each question, write the correct answer in the gap. Write one or two words or a number or a date or a time.

You will hear a film review programme on the radio.

### The Film Review Programme

#### This week's reviews

The film *Jungle Fever* is a (1) ..... about a family of tigers.

Actor Steve Wills plays a (2) ..... in his new film, *Call It*.

*Swim!* is about a man who wants to swim in a local (3) .....

#### Competition for listeners

Listeners can enter an online quiz at www. (4) ..... .co.uk.

Winners will receive (5) ..... tickets.

Entries must be received on (6) ..... by 2 p.m.

3

Match each sentence 1–6 to the correct response a–f.

1. Come on! We're late!

2. Please call me when you get to the party.

3. Are you going to see the Mad Band at the weekend?

4. Look! You've spilt coffee on the book you borrowed!

5. I'm not sure what I'd like for my birthday.

6. I'll never get better at tennis on my own.

a I'll play with you, then.

b I will!

c I'll get you a new game, if you like.

d Don't worry – we won't miss the film!

e Yes. Shall I buy you a ticket?

f I'm sorry. I won't do it again.

## Exam facts

- In this part, you listen to one person talking.
- You have to complete six notes using words or numbers you hear.



### Shopping and services

1

Choose the correct alternatives. Then ask and answer with your partner.



1. How often do you *buy* / *spend* something new?
2. Do you enjoy looking at window *displays* / *shows* when you go shopping? Why? / Why not?
3. Would you rather *pay* / *spend* your money on clothes or on books and games?
4. Do you prefer shopping in department *markets* / *stores* or smaller shops? Why?
5. Do you like shopping *alone* / *yourself* or with friends and family? Why?
6. Do you enjoy buying *gifts* / *loans* for other people? What do you like about doing this?

2


Complete each sentence with **have** or **get** and the correct form of the verbs in the box. Use one verb twice.

cut      deliver      paint      repair      wash

1. I ..... my hair ..... about once a month when it gets too long.
2. Hello, I'd like to ..... my bike ..... The wheel is broken.
3. My grandma ..... all her shopping ..... to her door now.
4. My parents have just ..... the outside of their house ..... white.
5. We ..... the fence ..... after it was damaged in the storm.
6. I never ..... my car ..... for me – I always do it myself.

## **Exam task**

3

 **Track 8** For each question, write the correct answer in the gap. Write one or two words or a number or a date or a time.

You will hear part of a training session for people who are going to work as sales assistants in a large shop.

### **Training session for new sales assistants**

The training manager is called Mandy **(1)** .....

New assistants will work on the **(2)** ..... floor.

Part-time workers have a rest day on **(3)** ..... every week.

Workers who live in the town can use the store's **(4)** ..... service for free.

The staff discount cannot be used to buy **(5)** .....

Assistants need to collect their **(6)** ..... on their first day.



## **Exam tips**

- You will hear different words or numbers that fit the space, but only one of them will be correct.
- Usually you only have to write one or two words in each space.
- You only need to write words you hear. You don't need to change them.



### Health, medicine and exercise

1

Label the parts of the body.

6. ....

5. ....



1. ....

2. ....

3. ....

4. ....



### Exam task

2



Track 9 For each question, write the correct answer in the gap. Write one or two words or a number or a date or a time.

You will hear a talk about an exercise class called Extreme Bootcamp.

#### Extreme Bootcamp

The **(1)** ..... use the name 'bootcamp' for soldiers' training.

Extreme Bootcamp takes place on a **(2)** ....., so you can exercise and look at the river.

Members start each class at 6.30 a.m. by doing some **(3)** .....

Wear the same clothes as for other exercise classes, and bring good **(4)** .....

The next bootcamp starts on **(5)** .....

Contact Ellie **(6)** ..... for more information.

**3a**

Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verb in brackets. Use *-ing* or *to + infinitive*.

1. Failing ..... (take) your tablets on time could cause problems.
2. Many people avoid ..... (visit) the dentist because they feel scared!
3. Can I suggest ..... (see) the doctor about the headaches you're getting?
4. I'd recommend ..... (rest) your ankle for the next week until it mends.
5. I'm hoping ..... (get) the results of my X-ray this afternoon.
6. Did you manage ..... (pick up) my prescription from the pharmacy?

**3b**

What can people do to live a healthy life? Write a short paragraph with your ideas.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

**Get it right!**

Look at the sentences below and choose the correct one.

- I will spend a few days to go shopping.
- I will spend a few days going shopping.



### Personal feelings

1a

Match an adjective from A to the adjective from B which has a similar meaning.

A

annoyed    awful    challenging    funny    intelligent  
miserable    nervous    relaxed    strange    surprised

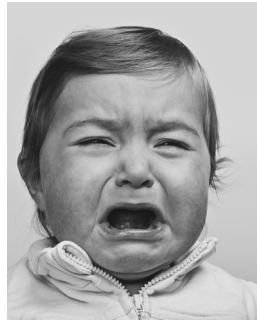
B

amazed    amusing    angry    anxious    calm  
clever    difficult    terrible    unhappy    unusual

1b

Now complete the sentences below with the adjective(s) you think fits best.

- I was really ..... when Ted said he was getting married – I never expected that!
- I find maths really ..... I'm not very good at it!



### Exam task

2



Track 10 For each question, choose the correct answer.

You will hear an interview with a TV actress called Brittany Briers.

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| <p>1 Brittany realised that she really enjoyed acting when</p>       | <p><b>A</b> she played at being an actor at home.<br/><b>B</b> she attended some acting classes.<br/><b>C</b> she took part in a school play.</p>                             |
| <p>2 How did Brittany feel before her first theatre performance?</p> | <p><b>A</b> worried about forgetting her lines<br/><b>B</b> anxious that she would use the wrong accent<br/><b>C</b> nervous about appearing in front of a large audience</p> |

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 3 Why did Brittany move into TV acting?                        | <b>A</b> She needed to earn more.<br><b>B</b> She lost interest in theatre work.<br><b>C</b> She wanted to try something new.                 |
| 4 What does Brittany still find difficult about screen acting? | <b>A</b> having to repeat scenes<br><b>B</b> learning to speak more quietly<br><b>C</b> not having an audience                                |
| 5 Brittany particularly enjoys                                 | <b>A</b> receiving a new part to learn.<br><b>B</b> attending special events for actors.<br><b>C</b> seeing her new films for the first time. |
| 6 What does Brittany dislike about being an actor?             | <b>A</b> not having many holidays<br><b>B</b> being recognised in the street<br><b>C</b> starting work early in the morning                   |

**3**

**Choose the correct adjective, -ing or -ed, to complete the sentences.**

1. I found the talk on butterflies pretty *boring* / *bored*. I nearly fell asleep!
2. I'm really *confusing* / *confused* about what to do – can you help me make a decision?
3. Toni failed her driving test again – she was so *disappointing* / *disappointed*.
4. Wow! That film was *amazing* / *amazed*! It was better than I thought it would be.
5. Do you find science *interesting* / *interested*?
6. I'm so *exciting* / *excited* – we're going on holiday on Saturday!



### **Exam facts**

- In this part, you listen to one or two people talking.
- You have to choose the correct answer (A, B or C) for six questions.
- Some questions will ask you about the speakers' attitude and opinions.



### Daily life

1

Complete the sentences with **used to + infinitive**, or the **past simple** of the verbs in brackets.

1. My sister Sarah usually goes for a run in the park after school, but yesterday she ..... (go) swimming instead.
2. I ..... (get up) very early every day when I was a kid.
3. My dad ..... (work) for a large company, but now he runs his own business.
4. I didn't ..... (watch) the news, but I hate to miss it now.
5. The first thing I did when I ..... (pass) my driving test was visit my friend in Scotland.
6. Supermarkets ..... (close) on Sundays, but they're open all day now.



### Exam task

2



Track 11 For each question, choose the correct answer.

You will hear an interview in which a businesswoman called **Carla Smith** is talking about her life and work.

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| 1 Why did Carla change the way she worked?                | <b>A</b> She didn't enjoy the work she did.<br><b>B</b> She spent very little time at home.<br><b>C</b> She had health problems.                             |
| 2 What does Carla say about running her own business?     | <b>A</b> She continues to work a lot of hours.<br><b>B</b> It allows her to take more holidays.<br><b>C</b> She earns more than she used to.                 |
| 3 What changes has Carla made to her exercise routine?    | <b>A</b> She does more exercise than she used to.<br><b>B</b> She does a new kind of exercise now.<br><b>C</b> She exercises at a different time of day.     |
| 4 How does Carla feel about her health and eating habits? | <b>A</b> guilty about having too many snacks<br><b>B</b> delighted that she has discovered new foods<br><b>C</b> surprised that she now feels so much better |
| 5 Where does Carla spend time with her sisters?           | <b>A</b> in her own home<br><b>B</b> at the cinema<br><b>C</b> at the local pool   |
| 6 Which time-saving idea does Carla find efficient?       | <b>A</b> checking emails on the way to work<br><b>B</b> having a lot of similar clothes<br><b>C</b> making lists of jobs to do                               |

**3a****Put the words into the correct order to make sentences.**

1. always / college / for / used to / late / I / be  
.....
2. Zijin / exercise / didn't / at / use to / all  
.....
3. son / teenager / as / my / a / get up / early / use to / didn't  
.....
4. eat / vegetables / Stephanie / used to / never  
.....
5. used to / reply / immediately / emails / you / to  
.....
6. coffee / a lot of / drink / used to / Ahmed  
.....

**3b****Match sentences 1–6 in 3a to a–f below.**

- a ☐ but she's very healthy now.
- b ☐ but he drinks more water now.
- c ☐ but he's in a football team now.
- d ☐ but you don't do it as often now.
- e ☐ but I make sure I'm on time now.
- f ☐ but he gets up at 4 a.m. now!

**Exam tips**

- Before you listen, read the questions and options carefully.
- The questions are in the order of the recording.
- Often you need to understand **when** something happened. Listen carefully to the words the speakers use – are they talking about the past, present or future?

*City life*

1

**Test your knowledge! Complete the compound nouns.**

- There's usually a red one at the top and a green one at the bottom. Sometimes there's an orange one.  
t..... l.....
- This type of transport travels in dark tunnels.  
u..... t.....
- This includes trains and buses. It's used a lot by people who don't have their own car.  
p..... t.....
- You can find out about the attractions in the area you are visiting here.  
t..... i..... c.....
- Lots of people in cities live in one of these. It has a lot of floors.  
a..... b.....
- This is the middle of a very large town. It's where most of the shops and businesses are.  
c..... c.....

**Exam task**

2

**Track 12 For each question, choose the correct answer.****You will hear an interview with an architect called Scott Tenbury.**

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| 1 What does Scott say about his 'capsule' apartment in Japan? | <b>A</b> It was too small for him to feel comfortable in.<br><b>B</b> There was a lot of noise from nearby apartments.<br><b>C</b> He had to think carefully about where to put things. |
| 2 Scott says that the 'upside-down' house he lived in         | <b>A</b> wasn't as exciting as he thought it would be.<br><b>B</b> attracted a lot of interest from tourists.<br><b>C</b> needed repairing regularly.                                   |
| 3 How did Scott feel when he had to leave his home in London? | <b>A</b> disappointed that it had become so expensive to live in<br><b>B</b> pleased to escape the effects of the weather<br><b>C</b> amazed that so many people wanted to buy it       |
| 4 What does Scott enjoy about living in cities?               | <b>A</b> having access to facilities<br><b>B</b> getting interesting jobs<br><b>C</b> seeing lots of people   |

- 5 What problem has Scott had with his 'water building'?
- 6 Why would Scott like to design a railway station?
- A It's hard to find the right colour for it.  
B It's difficult to build on water.  
C It's not easy to get the right shape.
- A to create something people love  
B to test his design skills  
C to improve transport services

3

Add a prefix or suffix from the box to complete each word in the sentences.

-ment    un-    dis-    -ship    -ful    im-    -ous    -ation

- The Eiffel Tower is an .....forgettable monument. It's beautiful!
- The subway near my house is a bit danger..... I never go there alone at night.
- What a wonder..... square to live in!
- I find it a bit of a .....advantage living so far away from work.
- You live opposite that enormous depart..... store, don't you?
- I live next to a big road. It's .....possible to sleep with all the traffic.
- Excuse me. Could you give me some inform..... about bus times?
- Friend..... is very important – everyone needs friends.



**Get it right!**

Look at the sentences below and choose the correct one.

- I remember the beautiful beaches where we used to play volleyball.  
I remember the beautiful beaches where we were playing volleyball.



## Daily life

1

Write the questions and ask a partner.

1. What | your name?  
.....
2. How old | you?  
.....
3. Where | you | live?  
.....
4. Do | you | English at college?  
.....
5. Who | live with?  
.....



## Exam task

2a



Track 13 Now complete the examiner's questions in Phase 2 of Part 1. Then listen and check.

- 1 Who do you ..... most time with?
- 2 What do you ..... doing when you're at home?
- 3 What do you ..... about your school or job?
- 4 What ..... you like to do in the future?
- 5 When did you ..... learning English? Do you enjoy it? Why? / Why not?
- 6 Where did you ..... up?
- 7 What do you like about the town you ..... in?
- 8 Where would you like to live, if you ..... the opportunity?

2b

In pairs, ask and answer the questions.

## 3

Complete the family words. Use the descriptions to help you.

1. Your \_ \_ \_ s \_ \_ is your aunt or uncle's son or daughter.
2. If you are \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ d, it means you have a husband or wife.
3. Two people, such as a boyfriend and girlfriend, are known as a \_ \_ u \_ \_ \_.
4. There are usually several g \_ \_ \_ r \_ t \_ \_ \_ \_ in one family: younger people and older ones.
5. An \_ \_ \_ \_ v \_ \_ s \_ \_ \_ is the day on which an important event happened in a previous year.
6. Your \_ \_ p \_ \_ \_ is the son of your brother or sister.



### Exam facts

- In this part, the examiner asks you questions about yourself.
- The questions are usually about your name, your daily routine, your likes and dislikes, where you study or work, etc.
- You only speak to the examiner. You don't speak to the other student.

To watch videos of the complete B1 Preliminary and B1 Preliminary for Schools Speaking tests, go to:  
<https://keyandpreliminary.cambridgeenglish.org/resources.htm>

**Work and education****1**

Match 1–8 to a–h to make questions about job skills.

1. Do you have good

2. Are you a

3. How well do you

4. Are you an

5. Do you enjoy

6. How good are you

7. Do you generally have a

8. Are you

a organised person?

b good at solving problems?

c fast learner?

d communication skills?

e at making decisions?

f working in a team?

g manage your time?

h positive attitude?

**Exam task****2a**

Track 14 Complete the examiner's questions from Part 1. Then listen and check.

- 1 Do you study or ..... ? What are you studying? / What do you do?
- 2 Do you like your ..... or job? Why? / Why not?
- 3 What is or was your ..... subject at school? What do or did you like most about it?
- 4 Which ..... would you like to learn more about?
- 5 What do you find ..... about learning English?
- 6 How often do you use English ..... of your English classes?
- 7 If you could have any ..... , what would you do and why?
- 8 What is your greatest study or work ..... ?

**2b**

In pairs, ask and answer the questions.

3

Complete the sentences with the correct form of *can* or *be able to*.



1. My daughter ..... say the whole alphabet by the time she was three.
2. Which foreign languages ..... you speak?
3. Do you think you ..... finish the project by tomorrow evening?
4. Jenna has always ..... get work, despite not having many qualifications.
5. I ..... carry on working – I'm exhausted!
6. My brother ..... count until he was six, but he's an accountant now.

### **Exam tips**

- For the questions in Phase 1 of Part 1, you can give quite short answers (your name, whether you work or study, what job you do, where you live, etc.) but avoid answering with only one word.
- In Phase 2 of Part 1, answer in more detail; try to give examples or reasons for your answers.
- Listen carefully to the examiner's questions. If you don't understand something, ask them to repeat it.

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*Hobbies and leisure*

1a

Match 1–6 to a–f to make sentences about hobbies.

1. I'm not keen on cycling because

2. I don't mind going to the gym, though

3. I love making things because

4. I prefer team sports to individual ones

5. Although I'm not very good at it, I

6. I'd rather swim indoors than in a lake

a since the water's warmer.

b it's cheaper than buying them!

c because they're fun.

d it often rains where I live.

e it's a bit boring.

f quite like dancing.

1b

Now complete the sentences so that they are true for you.

1. I'd rather .....

2. I'm not keen on .....

3. I love .....

4. I don't mind .....



## **Exam task**

**2a**

 **Track 15 Complete the examiner's questions. Then listen and check.**

- 1 What do you enjoy doing in your ..... ?
- 2 Do you enjoy playing ..... ? Which ones?
- 3 Do you prefer to watch sports rather than ..... in them?
- 4 Do you enjoy ..... things with other people?
- 5 What are the most popular sports or hobbies in your ..... ?
- 6 What ..... would you most like to try?
- 7 Have you ever tried any ..... sports? Did you enjoy it?
- 8 How did you spend last ..... ?

**2b**

**In pairs, ask and answer the questions.**

**3**

**Complete the text with *so, while, after, what's more, at first and anyway*.**

Last week, a friend of mine invited me to watch her doing her hobby. **(1)** ..... , I was confused: why would she want me to do that? **(2)** ..... , I went along to the local theatre, where a band was playing that night. I arrived early, **(3)** ..... I sat down and waited. **(4)** ..... I was sitting there, my friend appeared on stage with a huge piece of paper, which she stuck to a board. That was strange enough, but **(5)** ..... , when the band came on, she took out some paints and brushes as well. As the band played, my friend painted to their music! **(6)** ..... they finished playing, my friend showed the picture to the audience. It was amazing!

## **Get it right!**

**Look at the sentence below. Then try to correct the mistake.**

But it would be better if you can take part too.

To watch videos of the complete B1 Preliminary and B1 Preliminary for Schools Speaking tests, go to:  
<https://keyandpreliminary.cambridgeenglish.org/resources.htm>



## Transport

1

Look at the picture and complete the sentences with an appropriate preposition.



1. Four people are cycling ..... the road.
2. They are in ..... of the traffic.
3. The cyclist ..... of the others is wearing jeans.
4. The two cyclists behind him are riding ..... two taxis.
5. The taxi ..... the left is grey.
6. The driver of the grey taxi is looking ..... ahead.
7. .... the taxis, there is a van.
8. We can't see any passengers ..... the taxis.

2

Match the questions and sentences 1–6 to the functions a–f.

1. Do you agree?

2. What do you think?

3. Sorry, can I say something?

4. I'm not sure about that.

5. Sorry, I'm not sure what you mean.

6. Exactly!

a interrupting politely

b asking whether someone has the same opinion

c disagreeing


d asking for someone's opinion

e agreeing

f asking for meaning to be made clear


## **Exam task**

**3a** Work in pairs. One person is A and one person is B.

 **Track 16** Listen to the examiner explaining the first part of the Part 2 task.  
A, complete the first part of the task.



Photograph 1

**3b**  **Track 17** Now listen to the examiner explaining the second part of the Part 2 task.  
B, complete the second part of the task.



Photograph 2

## **Exam facts**

- In Part 2, the examiner gives each of you a large colour photo.
- You have to describe what is happening in your photo and what else you can see.
- You each need to talk for about one minute.

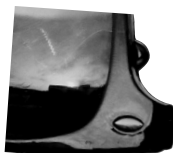


## Travel and holidays

1

Look at the pictures of items you take on holiday. What do you think they are? Tell your partner. Use the phrases in the box.

It could / may / might be ... It looks as if ... It looks like ... It's possible ... It seems ...



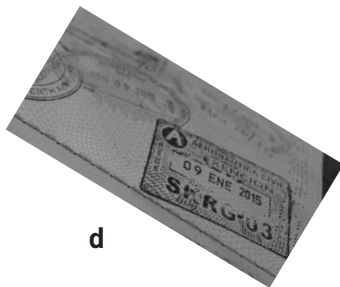
a



b



c



d



e



f

2


Respond to the information in 1–8. Use the phrases in the box.

Are (you)?	Did (you)?	I see.	Is he / she?	Is that right?
No way!	Oh, really?	Oh, yeah?	That's (amazing)!	Wow!

1. My uncle's climbed Mount Everest.
2. I travelled around Japan by train last year.
3. My family always goes to the beach in summer.
4. I'm going on a camping trip to the jungle next month.
5. My friend goes on extreme sports holidays every winter.
6. My brother's planning to travel around the world in a year.
7. I couldn't ride a bike because I broke my leg.
8. My sister's won a prize for one of her paintings.


## **Exam task**

**3a** Work in pairs. One person is A and one person is B.

 **Track 18** Listen to the examiner explaining the first part of the Part 2 task.  
A, complete the first part of the task.



Photograph 1

**3b**  **Track 19** Now listen to the examiner explaining the second part of the Part 2 task.  
B, complete the second part of the task.



Photograph 2

## **Exam tips**

- In Part 2, describe who you can see, where they are and what they are doing. You can also describe the clothes they are wearing. This includes other people you can see in the background. Then describe other things in the background – for example, landscapes, buildings, vehicles, etc.
- Make sure you know how to describe position – for example, *on the left*, *on the right*, *at the top*, *at the bottom*, *above*, *below*, etc.
- If you don't know the word for something in the picture, don't worry. You can try to explain what it is using words you do know. You can also spend more time describing other things in the photo that you find easier to talk about.



## House and home

1

Match the words in the box to items a-i in the house. What do you use them for?

basin  
cooker  
balcony  
garage  
gate  
lamp  
mirror  
bookcase  
stairs



2

Match 1-8 to a-h to complete the expressions.

1. I don't know what

2. I can't remember the word

3. What do you

4. I can't find the word I'm

5. I'm not sure this

6. What I

7. What's the

8. You know

a for the thing that ...

b what I mean, it ...

c call it ... ?

d it's called!

e is the right word, but ...


f looking for.

g mean is ...

h name of the thing that ...


## **Exam task**

**3a** Work in pairs. One person is A and one person is B.

 **Track 20** Listen to the examiner explaining the first part of the Part 2 task.  
A, complete the first part of the task.



Photograph 1

**3b**  **Track 21** Now listen to the examiner explaining the second part of the Part 2 task.  
B, complete the second part of the task.



Photograph 2

## **Get it right!**

Look at the sentences below. Then try to correct the mistake in each one.

I didn't know that this city would so interesting.

It would be nice see *The Merchant of Venice* with Al Pacino.

### Shopping

1

Complete the dialogue with the words in the box. There may be more than one correct answer for each space.

as	because	could	don't	would	should	since	so
----	---------	-------	-------	-------	--------	-------	----

**Sam:** Let's make a shopping list for our barbecue party on Saturday.

**Carly:** OK. I think we **(1)** ..... get sausages **(2)** ..... everyone loves them!

**Sam:** Mm, but I **(3)** ..... think we should buy too many burgers – there were a lot left after our last party.

**Carly:** True. We **(4)** ..... get some fish **(5)** ..... not everyone eats meat.

**Sam:** Yes, and how about getting some tasty vegetables?

**Carly:** That **(6)** ..... be a good idea. And the children like chicken, **(7)** ..... let's get some of that.

**Sam:** Great, and **(8)** ..... your parents like jacket potatoes, why don't we cook some of those as well?

**Carly:** Perfect!

2a

Look at the words in bold in these sentences.

**Let's** buy Dad some new boots. Walking in the hills **makes** him feel relaxed!

Which word ... ?

- a shows that something / someone causes another thing to happen
- b is used to make a suggestion

2b

Now rewrite the sentences so they mean the same, using **Let's** or the correct form of **make**.

1. I was late for the concert because there was a traffic jam.  
The traffic jam .....
2. Why don't we go to that new bookshop in town this afternoon?  
.....
3. How about going to see the new James Bond film?  
.....
4. We were told we had to run 5 km by our basketball coach.  
Our basketball coach .....

## ✓ Exam task

3

**Track 22** Listen to the examiner explaining the task for Part 3. Then talk with a partner for about two minutes.

### Presents for a 16-year-old friend



4

**Track 23** Now listen to the examiner asking the questions for the Part 4 task. Pause the recording after each question. Work in pairs and discuss your answers to each of the examiner's questions together. Try to say as much as you can in answer to each question.

## ✓ Exam facts

- In Part 3, the examiner describes a situation to you and shows you some pictures.
- You have to discuss your views and opinions with the other student.
- You will need to make suggestions and reply to the suggestions that the other student makes.
- In Part 4, the examiner will ask you questions about a similar topic to Part 3.
- These questions are mainly about your opinions and experience related to the Part 3 topic.
- The examiner may ask you the questions individually or encourage you to discuss the answers together.

### Food and drink

1

Complete the dialogues with words from the box. Then, in pairs, ask and answer.

about      don't      fancy      have      shall      would

1. **A:** What ..... we have for lunch?  
**B:** I think we ...
2. **A:** How ..... getting a takeaway later?  
**B:** No, ...
3. **A:** Which traditional dish from your country ..... you recommend trying?  
**B:** You should ...
4. **A:** Why ..... we cook dinner for our friends on Saturday?  
**B:** That's ...
5. **A:** Let's ..... a barbecue tonight!  
**B:** I'd rather ...
6. **A:** Do you ..... going to that new pizza restaurant this evening?  
**B:** Why don't we ...?

2

Complete the dialogue. Then, in pairs, take turns to be the waiter and the customer.

**Customer:** Hello. **(1)** (*Ask for a table.*) .....

.....

**Waiter:** Of course. Follow me. Here you are.

**Customer:** Thank you. **(2)** (*Ask to see the menu.*) .....

.....

**Waiter:** Here it is. Can I get you anything to drink while you decide?

**Customer:** **(3)** (*Ask for two drinks, one for you and one for your friend.*) .....

.....

**Waiter:** Are you ready to order?

**Customer:** Yes. **(4)** (*Ask for two dishes, one for you and one for your friend.*) .....

.....

**Waiter:** Is everything OK with your meal?

**Customer:** **(5)** (*Say one dish is fine, but make a complaint about the other.*) .....

.....

**Waiter:** Would you like any desserts or coffee?

**Customer:** **(6)** (*Say no and ask for the bill.*) .....

.....

**Waiter:** Certainly. How would you like to pay?

**Customer:** **(7)** (*Tell the waiter how you would like to pay.*) .....

.....

## ✓ Exam task

3

**Track 24** Listen to the examiner explaining the task for Part 3. Then talk with a partner for about two minutes.

### Types of food for a student party



4

**Track 25** Now listen to the examiner asking the questions for the Part 4 task. Pause the recording after each question. Work in pairs and discuss your answers to each of the examiner's questions together. Try to say as much as you can in answer to each question.

## ✓ Exam tips

- In Part 3, show interest in what the other student is saying and respond to what they say.
- Look at the other student during the discussion, **not** the examiner.
- At the end of the discussion for Part 3, you should agree on a final decision with the other student.
- In Part 4, try not to give very short answers to the examiner's questions.
- Discuss the answers to the Part 4 questions with your partner, if possible.
- If you don't understand one of the questions, ask the examiner to repeat it.

### Free time

1

Respond to statements 1–7. Use the phrases in the box.

I agree that ...	I believe ...	I feel that ...	I guess ...
I have no doubt that ...	I'm absolutely certain that ...	I'm (not) sure that ...	
In my opinion ...	Personally, I (don't) think that ...	To be honest ...	

1. Doing dangerous activities like motor-racing isn't very responsible.

.....

2. Dancing's one of the most sociable activities there is.

.....

3. If you keep your body fit, your mind will be healthy too.

.....

4. It's really important to do activities apart from work or study.

.....

5. Hanging out with friends is as important as having hobbies.

.....

6. It's important to spend some time each week just doing nothing.

.....

7. Playing computer games or watching TV is a waste of time.

.....



2

Choose the correct alternative.

1. I don't want to swim outdoors today because it's *too* / *enough* cold.

2. Wow! That was *so* / *such* a good film!

3. Jenny collects action figures – she's got *so* / *such* many now that she's got nowhere to put them.


4. I never seem to have *too* / *enough* free time.

5. Adam plays the guitar *so* / *such* well – he should be a professional musician.

6. I'm *too* / *enough* busy to go out tonight.

## Exam task


3

 **Track 26** Listen to the examiner explaining the task for Part 3. Then talk with a partner for about two minutes.

### Activities for a weekend away



4

 **Track 27** Now listen to the examiner asking the questions for the Part 4 task. Pause the recording after each question. Work in pairs and discuss your answers to each of the examiner's questions together. Try to say as much as you can in answer to each question.

## Get it right!

Look at the sentences below and choose the correct one.

They are such pleasant people.

They are so pleasant people.



## Think about it

### Reading Part 1

Read the sentences about Reading Part 1. Are the sentences TRUE or FALSE?

1. In this part of the exam, you have to read short notices, signs and messages and choose the correct meaning. ....
2. The texts you read will all be the same kind of text. ....
3. There are five texts and no example. ....
4. There are three possible answers to choose from for each text. ....
5. Sometimes there is a question before the three options, sometimes the three options complete the sentence and sometimes there are just the three options. ....
6. There is visual information, such as a picture, with every text. ....
7. To understand the meaning, it is important to think about the situation in which each text would appear, e.g. as a notice on a wall, or as an email. ....
8. It is also important to think about the purpose of the text, e.g. who it is for and why someone has written it. ....



## Think about it

### Reading Part 2

Read the information about Reading Part 2. Complete the information with the words in the box.

all	eight	five	match	people	points	suitable	text
-----	-------	------	-------	--------	--------	----------	------

In Part 2, you have to **(1)** ..... people to different products, places or activities. There are **(2)** ..... short descriptions of people, saying what they each want, need or are interested in. There are **(3)** ..... descriptions of products, places or activities, so there are three that you don't need to match. It's a good idea to read the descriptions of the **(4)** ..... first and note what each one is looking for. Each person will mention three key **(5)** ..... that they are looking for. Then you can read the descriptions of the products, places or activities and find the one that is the most **(6)** ..... for each person. Some points are mentioned in more than one **(7)** ..... , but it's important to find the text that mentions **(8)** ..... the key points a person is looking for.



## Think about it

### Reading Part 3

Read the sentences about Reading Part 3. Choose the correct words to complete the sentences.

1. There are ..... multiple-choice questions. (five / ten)
2. There are ..... options for each question. (three / four)
3. To answer the questions, you need to understand the writer's ..... and attitude, as well as the information in the text. (opinion / background)
4. One of the questions is occasionally about the writer's ..... in writing a paragraph. (history / purpose)
5. The final question always asks about the ..... meaning of the text. (global / detailed)
6. The first four questions might ask about ..... information in the text or about the writer's feelings. (general / detailed)
7. The first four questions usually follow the ..... of the information in the text. (order / meaning)
8. You need to find the answer for the ..... question in several different paragraphs in the text. (first / last)



## Think about it

### Reading Part 4

Read the sentences about Reading Part 4. Choose the correct words in the brackets to complete the sentences.

1. In Part 4, you have to read a *longer* / *shorter* text.
2. There *might be some* / *won't be any* unfamiliar vocabulary in the text.
3. The questions are in the form of *five* / *ten* sentences that have been removed from the text.
4. You need to understand the meaning and *structure* / *title* of the text to decide where the sentences go.
5. You *have to* / *don't have to* understand every single word of the text.
6. There are also *three* / *five* extra sentences that do not fit anywhere in the text.
7. It's important to read the information *before* / *after* / *before and after* each gap before choosing an answer.
8. It's a good idea to read the text quickly *before* / *after* / *before and after* you choose your answers.



## Think about it

### Reading Part 5

Read the sentences about Reading Part 5. Which TWO sentences are false?

1. Part 5 is a short text with six gaps.
2. For each gap, there are four possible words to choose from.
3. For some gaps, there is more than one correct answer.
4. This part of the exam tests your vocabulary.
5. It's a good idea to read the whole text first, before you choose the correct answers.
6. The options often have similar meanings, so you need to think about how the words are used in a sentence, as well as their meanings.
7. The text may contain some high-level vocabulary.
8. It's a good idea to read the text through when you have finished to see if it makes sense with the options you have chosen.



## Think about it

### Reading Part 6

Use a word from the box to complete the sentences about Reading Part 6.

six	different	prepositions	sense	overall	grammar	blogs	one
-----	-----------	--------------	-------	---------	---------	-------	-----

1. Part 6 is a short text with ..... gaps.
2. You must put ..... word into each gap.
3. This part of the test checks your knowledge of ..... .
4. The missing words may be ..... , articles, auxiliary and modal verbs, pronouns, etc.
5. The texts might be short articles, ..... , reports, emails, etc.
6. Each gap needs a ..... word, so you should never have the same word in more than one gap.
7. It's a good idea to read the text through before you start to get an understanding of the ..... meaning.
8. It's also a good idea to read the text through when you have finished to see if it makes ..... .



## Think about it

### Writing Part 1

Read the sentences about Writing Part 1. Are the sentences TRUE or FALSE? Correct the false sentences.

1. In this task, you have to reply to an email. ....  
.....
2. There are five comments that refer to what's in the email. ....  
.....
3. You must use all of the comments in your reply. ....  
.....
4. You can write a paragraph about each of the comments. ....  
.....
5. You must write about 150 words. ....  
.....
6. You should organise your writing so it looks like a proper reply. ....  
.....
7. If you don't respond to one or more of the comments, you will get a lower mark. ....  
.....
8. You should put your name at the bottom of your reply. ....  
.....



## Think about it

### Writing Part 2

Read the information about Writing Part 2. Choose the correct words to complete the information.

In Part 2, you have to write about **(1)** 80 / 100 words. You can choose between writing an article or a **(2)** story / report. For the article, you read information in a notice or announcement which lists **(3)** three or four / eight or nine things that you must write about. You **(4)** must / don't have to answer all these points in your message. You **(5)** must / don't have to explain things in your own words, so avoid just copying things from the notice or announcement. For the other task, you are given the first **(6)** paragraph / sentence and you must continue it. You **(7)** must / mustn't try to do both tasks! If your answer is too short, you may get a **(8)** higher / lower mark for the task.



## Think about it

### Listening Part 1

Read the information about Listening Part 1. Complete the information with the words in the box.

vocabulary

pictures

multiple-choice

people

mark

recordings

facts

In Preliminary Listening Part 1, you hear seven short **(1)** ..... For each recording, there is one **(2)** ..... question to answer, and there are three **(3)** ..... , A, B and C. You choose the correct picture to answer the question. The information you must listen for is based on **(4)** ..... that you hear in the recording. Sometimes you hear two **(5)** ..... speaking, and sometimes you only hear one. All the words you hear are from the Preliminary **(6)** ..... list. You receive one **(7)** ..... for each correct answer.



## Think about it

### Listening Part 2

Read the sentences about Listening Part 2. Are the sentences TRUE or FALSE?

1. In Part 2, you may hear two speakers or you may just hear one. ....
2. Each recording is quite short, like in the recordings in Part 1. ....
3. There are six multiple-choice questions to answer. ....
4. For each question, there are four possible answers, A, B, C or D, for you to choose from. ....
5. There are also pictures to help you choose an answer. ....
6. There are two marks for each correct answer. ....
7. For some questions, two correct answers are possible. ....



## Think about it

### Listening Part 3

Read the sentences about Listening Part 3. Are the sentences TRUE or FALSE?

1. There are five gaps for you to complete in Part 3. ....
2. You hear one person speaking in this part. ....
3. You have to write a word or short phrase in each gap. ....
4. You should try to spell the missing words correctly. ....
5. You should try to write exactly the words you hear in the gaps. ....
6. You get one mark for every word you write in a gap. ....  
So, if you write two words, you get two marks. ....
7. Every sentence or note you read has a gap in it. ....



## Think about it

### Listening Part 4

Match 1–8 to a–h to make sentences about Listening Part 4.

- |   |                                       |
|---|---------------------------------------|
| 1. You answer six                       | a three possible answers.             |
| 2. Each question has                    | b what the interviewee's opinion is.  |
| 3. You hear                             | c choose either A, B or C.            |
| 4. Sometimes you have to decide         | d is correct.                         |
| 5. To give your answers, you have to    | e questions in this part of the test. |
| 6. Only one option for each question    | f an interview with someone.          |
| 7. You have to listen for the speakers' | g one mark for each correct answer.   |
| 8. You get                              | h opinions and attitudes.             |



## **Think about it**

### **Speaking Part 1**

**Read the sentences about Speaking Part 1. Are the sentences TRUE or FALSE?**

1. You should talk to your partner during this part of the test. ....
2. You should give one-word answers. ....
3. The examiner may ask you questions about where you're from and what you do. ....
4. There are two phases to this part of the test. ....
5. You should ask your partner some questions about him / herself. ....
6. It's a good idea to practise answering personal questions before this part of the test. ....
7. If you don't understand a question, you can ask the examiner to repeat it. ....
8. The examiner will ask you some general questions, such as what you like doing in your free time, or what you enjoy about studying English. ....



## **Think about it**

### **Speaking Part 2**

**Match 1–8 to a–h to make sentences about Speaking Part 2.**

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| 1. In Part 2, you have to describe                   | <b>a</b> you can see in the picture.                         |
| 2. You will see a                                    | <b>b</b> describe it using other words.                      |
| 3. You should describe everything                    | <b>c</b> until the examiner asks you to.                     |
| 4. You should not talk                               | <b>d</b> about things or ideas which are not in the picture. |
| 5. If there's something you don't know the word for, | <b>e</b> a picture.  |
| 6. Don't stop talking                                | <b>f</b> the examiner assesses each of you individually.     |
| 7. Don't worry about making                          | <b>g</b> different picture from your partner.                |
| 8. Try not to compare yourself with your partner –   | <b>h</b> mistakes – just keep talking!                       |



## Think about it

### Speaking Part 3

Read the information about Speaking Part 3. Complete the information with the words in the box.

partner	opportunity	situation	interested	opinions	stop	ask	pictures
---------	-------------	-----------	------------	----------	------	-----	----------

In Part 3, the examiner will describe a **(1)** ..... to you and your **(2)** ..... . You should listen carefully to make sure you understand what the examiner says. The examiner will ask you to look at some **(3)** ..... . The examiner will then **(4)** ..... you to talk about the situation. Then, you have to talk to your partner. Don't forget to ask for his or her **(5)** ..... . Remember to listen to what your partner says, and show that you are **(6)** ..... in what they have to say. Make sure you give your partner enough **(7)** ..... to speak, and interrupt politely if he / she talks too much. You should keep talking until the examiner asks you to **(8)** ..... .



## Think about it

### Speaking Part 4

Complete each sentence about Speaking Part 4 by choosing the correct option.

**1. In Part 4, you talk about**

- a** the same topic as Part 3.
- b** the same topic as Part 2.

**2. During Part 4, the examiner will ask questions to**

- a** you, or you and your partner.
- b** you or your partner separately.

**3. You should**

- a** ask your partner questions.
- b** wait for the examiner to ask you questions.

**4. If you aren't sure what to say next, you could**

- a** ask your partner for their opinion.
- b** ask the examiner what to do.

**5. It's important to show that**

- a** you know more than your partner about the topic.
- b** you are listening to what your partner is saying.

**6. You should make sure that you**

- a** talk as much as possible.
- b** give your partner a chance to speak.

**7. Remember to**

- a** talk about everything the examiner asks you to talk about.
- b** give answers that are as short and simple as possible.

**8. You should try not to**

- a** ask the examiner to repeat the instructions.
- b** sit in silence. If you need to, ask the examiner to repeat the instructions.

# EXAM TOPIC LISTS

## Clothes and Accessories

backpack	go (with/together)	perfume	sweater
bag	<b>(phr v)</b>	plastic	swimming costume
belt	handbag	pocket	swimsuit
blouse	handkerchief	pullover	take off
boot	hat	purse	tie
bracelet	jacket	put on	tights
button	jeans	raincoat	tracksuit
cap	jewellery / jewelry	ring	trainers
chain	jumper	sandal	trousers
clothes	kit	scarf	T-shirt
coat	knit	shirt	try on
collar	label	shoe	umbrella
cotton	laundry	shorts	underpants
dress	leather	silk	underwear
earring	make-up	size	undress
fashion	match <b>(v)</b>	skirt	uniform
fasten	material	sleeve(less)	wallet
fit <b>(v)</b>	necklace	socks	watch
fold <b>(v)</b>	old-fashioned <b>(adj)</b>	stripe	wear (out)
get dressed	pants	suit	wool(len)
glasses	pattern	sunglasses	
glove			

## Colours

(dark/light/pale)	gold	orange	silver
black	golden	pink	yellow
blue	green	purple	white
brown	grey	red	

## Communications and Technology

access	disc/disk	machine	screen
address	dot	message	server
app	download <b>(n &amp; v)</b>	mobile phone	sign up
at!@	drag	mouse	smartphone
blog	DVD (player)	mouse mat	social media
blogger	electronic(s)	MP3 player	software
by post	email	net	switch off
calculator	engaged	online	switch on
call <b>(v)</b>	enter	operator	talk
call back	envelope	parcel	telephone
CD (player)	equipment	password	text
cell phone	fax	PC	text message
chat	file	phone	turn off
chat room	hang up	photograph	turn on
click <b>(v)</b>	hardware	photography	upload <b>(n &amp; v)</b>
computer	headline	podcast	video clip
connect	homepage	postcard	volume
connection	install	print	web
data	internet	printer	web page
delete	invent	program(me)	website
dial	invention	reply	
dial up	IT	ring	
digital	keyboard	ring up	
digital camera	laptop (computer)	robot	

## Education

absent	board	classroom	desk
advanced	book	clever	dictionary
arithmetic	bookshelf	coach	diploma
art	break up	college	drama
beginner	break(time)	composition	economics
bell	certificate	course	elementary
biology	chemistry	curriculum	essay
blackboard	class	degree	geography

handwriting  
history  
homework  
information  
instructions  
instructor  
intermediate  
IT  
know  
laboratory (lab)  
language  
learn  
lesson

level  
library  
mark  
math(s)  
mathematics  
music  
nature studies  
note  
notice board  
pencil case  
photography  
physics  
practice **(n)**

practise **(v)**  
primary school  
project  
pupil  
qualification  
read  
register  
remember  
research  
rubber  
ruler  
school  
science

secondary school  
student  
studies  
study **(v)**  
subject  
teach  
teacher  
technology  
term  
test  
university

## Entertainment and Media

act **(v)**  
action  
actor  
actress  
ad  
admission  
adventure  
advert  
advertisement  
app  
art  
article  
audience  
ballet  
band  
bestseller  
board game  
book  
camera  
card  
cartoon  
CD (player)  
CD-ROM  
celebrity  
channel  
chat show  
chess  
cinema  
circus

classical music  
comedy  
comic  
competition  
concert  
dance  
dancer  
disc  
disco  
display  
DJ / disc jockey  
documentary  
drama  
draw  
drawing  
DVD (player)  
entrance  
exhibition  
exit  
festival  
film  
film maker  
film star  
fireworks  
folk music  
fun  
go out  
group  
guitar

guitarist  
headline  
headphones  
hero  
heroine  
hip hop  
hit song  
horror  
instrument  
interval  
interview(er)  
jazz music  
journalist  
keyboard  
laugh  
listen to  
look at  
magazine  
magic  
MP3 player  
museum  
music  
musician  
news  
newspaper  
opera  
orchestra  
paint  
painter

perform  
performance  
performer  
play  
podcast  
poem  
pop music  
presenter  
production  
programme  
quiz  
recording  
review  
rock music  
romantic  
row  
scene  
screen  
selfie  
series  
soap opera  
soundtrack  
stage  
star  
studio  
talk show  
television  
thriller  
video

## Environment

bottle bank  
climate change  
gas **(Am Eng)**  
litter

petrol **(Br Eng)**  
pollution  
prohibited  
public transport

recycle  
recycled  
recycling  
rubbish **(bin)**

traffic jam  
volunteer **(n)**

## Food and Drink

apple  
bake **(v)**  
banana  
barbecue **(n & v)**  
bean  
biscuit  
bitter **(adj)**  
boil **(v)**  
boiled  
bottle  
bowl  
box  
bread  
break

breakfast  
broccoli  
bunch (of bananas)  
burger  
butter  
cabbage  
cafe  
cafeteria  
cake  
can (of beans)  
candy  
canteen  
carrot  
cereal

cheese  
chef  
chicken  
chilli  
chips  
chocolate  
coconut  
coffee  
cola  
cook **(n & v)**  
cooker  
cookie  
corn  
cream

cucumber  
cup  
curry  
cut  
delicious  
dessert  
diet  
dinner  
dish  
drink  
duck  
eat  
egg  
fish

flavour  
flour  
food  
fork  
French fries  
fresh  
fridge  
fried  
fruit  
fruit juice  
fry  
frying pan  
garlic  
glass  
grape  
grill **(n & v)**  
grilled  
herbs  
honey  
hot  
hungry  
ice  
ice cream  
ingredients  
jam  
jug

juice  
kitchen  
knife  
lamb  
lemon  
lemonade  
lettuce  
lunch  
main course  
meal  
meat  
melon  
menu  
microwave **(n)**  
milk  
mineral water  
mushroom  
oil  
omelette  
onion  
orange  
pan  
pasta  
pea  
peach  
peanut

pear  
pepper  
picnic  
pie  
piece of cake  
pineapple  
pizza  
plate  
potato  
recipe  
refreshments  
rice  
roast **(v & adj)**  
roll  
salad  
salmon  
salt  
sandwich  
sauce  
saucepan  
saucer  
sausage  
slice **(n)**  
snack  
soft drink  
soup

sour  
spicy  
spinach  
spoon  
steak  
strawberry  
sugar  
sweet **(adj & n)**  
takeaway  
taste  
tasty  
tea  
thirsty  
toast  
tomato  
tuna  
turkey  
vegetable  
vegetarian  
waiter  
waitress  
wash up  
yog(h)urt

### Health, Medicine and Exercise

accident  
ache  
ambulance  
ankle  
appointment  
arm  
aspirin  
baby  
bandage  
bleed **(v)**  
blood **(n)**  
body  
bone  
brain  
break  
breath  
breathe  
check  
chemist  
chin  
clean  
cold **(n)**  
comb  
cough **(n & v)**  
cut  
damage

danger  
dangerous  
dead  
dentist  
die  
diet  
doctor  
ear  
earache  
emergency  
exercise  
eye  
face  
fall  
feel better/ill/sick  
fever  
finger  
fit  
flu  
foot  
get better/worse  
go jogging  
gym  
gymnastics  
hair  
hand

head  
headache  
health  
hear  
heart  
heel  
hospital  
hurt  
ill  
illness  
injure  
keep fit  
knee  
leg  
lie down  
medicine  
nose  
nurse  
operate  
operation  
pain  
painful  
patient **(n)**  
pharmacy  
pill  
prescription

problem  
recover  
rest **(n & v)**  
run  
shoulder  
sick  
skin  
soap  
sore throat  
stomach  
stomach ache  
stress  
swim  
tablet  
take exercise  
temperature  
thumb  
tired  
toes  
tooth  
toothache  
toothbrush  
walk  
well **(adj)**

### Hobbies and Leisure

barbecue  
beach  
bicycle  
bike  
camera  
camp  
camping  
campsite  
CD (player)  
chess

club  
collect(or)  
collection  
computer  
cruise  
dance  
dancing  
doll  
draw  
drawing

DVD (player)  
facilities  
fan  
festival  
fiction  
gallery  
go out  
go shopping  
guitar  
hang out

hike  
hire  
hobby  
holidays  
ice skates  
jogging  
join in  
keen on  
keep fit  
magazine

member(ship)  
model  
museum  
music  
musician  
nightlife

opening  
hours  
paint  
painting  
park  
party

photograph  
picnic  
playground  
quiz  
rope  
sculpture

sightseeing  
slide  
sunbathe  
tent  
torch

## House and Home

accommodation  
address  
air conditioning  
alarm (fire/car)  
alarm clock  
antique  
apartment  
armchair  
balcony  
basin  
bath (tub)  
bathroom  
bed  
bedroom  
bell  
bin  
blanket  
blind  
block  
(notice) board  
bookcase  
bookshelf  
bowl  
box  
brush  
bucket  
bulb  
candle  
carpet  
ceiling  
cellar  
central heating  
chair  
channel (with TV)  
chest of drawers  
clock

computer  
cooker  
cottage  
cupboard  
curtain  
cushion  
desk  
digital (**adj**)  
dining room  
dish  
dishwasher  
door  
downstairs  
drawer  
dustbin  
duvet  
DVD (player)  
electric(al)  
entrance  
fan  
flat  
flatmate  
floor  
freezer  
fridge  
frying pan  
furniture  
garage  
garden  
gas  
gate  
grill  
ground (floor)  
hall  
handle  
heat (v)

heater  
heating  
hi-fi  
home  
house  
housewife  
housework  
iron  
jug  
kettle  
key  
kitchen  
ladder  
lamp  
laptop (computer)  
lift  
light  
(clothes) line  
living-room  
lock  
microwave (**n**)  
mirror  
mug  
neighbour  
oil  
oven  
pan  
path  
pillow  
pipe  
plant  
plug  
plug in  
property  
radio  
refrigerator

remote control  
rent  
repair  
roof  
room  
roommate  
rubbish  
safe (**adj**)  
seat  
sheet  
shelf  
shower  
sink  
sitting room  
sofa  
stairs  
stay (**v**)  
step  
surround  
switch  
table  
tap  
telephone  
television  
toilet  
towel  
tower  
toy  
TV (screen/set)  
upstairs (**adv**)  
vase  
video  
wall  
washing machine  
window

## Language

advanced  
answer  
argue  
ask  
beginner  
chat  
communicate  
communication

elementary  
email  
grammar  
intermediate  
joke  
letter  
mean  
meaning

mention  
message  
pronounce  
pronunciation  
question  
say  
sentence  
shout

speak  
talk  
tell  
translate  
translation  
vocabulary  
word

## Personal Feelings, Opinions and Experiences (Adjectives)

able  
afraid  
alone  
amazed  
amazing  
amusing  
angry  
annoyed  
anxious  
ashamed

awesome  
awful  
bad  
beautiful  
better  
bored  
boring  
bossy  
brave  
brilliant

busy  
calm  
careful  
challenging  
charming  
cheerful  
clear  
clever  
confident  
confused

confusing  
cool  
crazy  
cruel  
curious  
cute  
delighted  
depressed  
different  
difficult

disappointed  
disappointing  
easy  
embarrassed  
embarrassing  
enjoyable  
excellent  
excited  
exciting  
famous  
fantastic  
favourite  
fine  
fit  
fond  
free  
friendly  
frightened  
frightening  
funny  
generous  
gentle  
glad  
good  
great  
guilty

happy  
hard  
healthy  
heavy  
high  
hungry  
important  
impressed  
intelligent  
interested  
interesting  
jealous  
keen  
kind  
lazy  
lovely  
lucky  
mad  
married  
miserable  
modern  
negative  
nervous  
nice  
noisy  
normal

old  
old-fashioned  
ordinary  
original  
patient  
personal  
pleasant  
poor  
positive  
pretty  
quick  
quiet  
ready  
real  
realistic  
reasonable  
relaxed  
reliable  
relieved  
rich  
right  
rude  
sad  
satisfied  
serious  
slim

slow  
small  
smart  
soft  
sorry  
special  
strange  
strong  
stupid  
sure  
surprised  
sweet  
tall  
terrible  
tired  
true  
typical  
unable  
unhappy  
unusual  
useful  
well  
wonderful  
worried  
wrong  
young

### Places: Buildings

apartment block /  
apartment  
building  
bank  
bookshop  
bookstore  
building  
café  
cafeteria  
castle  
cinema  
clinic  
club

college  
cottage  
department store  
disco  
elevator  
entrance  
exit  
factory  
flat  
gallery  
garage  
grocery store  
guest-house

hospital  
hotel  
house  
library  
lift  
mall (shopping)  
museum  
office  
palace  
police station  
pool  
post office  
prison

railway station  
ruin  
school  
shop  
sports centre  
stadium  
supermarket  
swimming pool  
theatre  
tourist  
information centre  
tower  
university

### Places: Countryside

area  
bay  
beach  
campsite  
canal  
cliff  
desert  
earth  
farm

field  
forest  
harbour  
hill  
island  
lake  
land  
mountain  
ocean

path  
port  
railway  
rainforest  
region  
river  
rock  
sand  
scenery

sea  
seaside  
sky  
stream  
valley  
village  
waterfall  
wood

### Places: Town and City

apartment  
building  
airport  
booking office  
bridge  
bus station  
bus stop  
car park  
cash machine

cashpoint  
city centre  
corner  
crossing  
crossroads  
fountain  
market  
motorway  
monument

park  
pavement  
petrol station  
playground  
road  
roundabout  
route  
shopping centre  
(shopping) mall  
signpost

square  
station  
street  
subway  
town  
tunnel  
turning  
underground  
zoo

## Services

bank  
café  
cafeteria  
cinema  
dentist

doctor  
gallery  
garage  
hairdresser  
hotel

library  
museum  
post office  
restaurant  
sports centre

swimming pool  
theatre  
tourist information

## Shopping

ad  
advert  
advertise  
advertisement  
assistant  
bargain  
bill  
book  
buy  
cash  
cent  
change  
cheap  
cheque  
choose

close **(v)**  
closed  
collect  
complain  
cost **(n & v)**  
credit card  
customer  
damaged  
dear  
department store  
deposit  
dollar  
euro  
exchange  
expensive

for sale  
go shopping  
hire  
inexpensive  
label  
logo  
luxury  
mall  
money  
order  
pay (for)  
penny  
pound  
price  
reasonable

receipt  
reduce  
reduced  
rent  
reserve  
return  
save  
second-hand  
sell  
shop  
shop assistant  
shopper  
shopping  
spend  
supermarket  
try on

## Sport

athlete  
athletics  
badminton  
ball  
baseball  
basketball  
bat  
bathing suit  
beach  
bicycle  
bike  
boat  
boxing  
catch **(v)**  
champion  
championship  
changing room  
climb **(v)**  
climbing  
club  
coach **(n)**  
compete  
competition  
competitor  
contest  
court  
cricket  
cycling  
cyclist  
dancing  
diving  
enter (a competition)

extreme sports  
(sports) facilities  
fishing  
fitness  
football  
football player  
game  
goal  
goalkeeper  
golf  
gym  
gymnastics  
helmet  
high jump  
hit **(v)**  
hockey  
horse-riding  
ice hockey  
ice skates  
ice skating  
instructor  
jogging  
join in  
kick **(v)**  
kit  
league  
locker (room)  
long jump  
luck  
match  
member  
motor-racing

net  
pitch **(n)**  
play **(v)**  
point(s)  
practice **(n)**  
practise **(v)**  
prize  
race  
race track  
racing  
racket  
reserve **(n)**  
rest **(n & v)**  
ride **(n & v)**  
rider  
riding  
rugby  
run **(n & v)**  
running  
sail **(n & v)**  
sailing  
score  
sea  
season  
shoot(ing)  
shorts  
skateboard  
skating  
skiing  
snowboard  
snowboarding  
soccer

sport(s)  
sports centre  
squash  
stadium  
surf  
surfboard  
surfboarding  
surfing  
swim  
swimming  
swimming costume  
swimming pool  
swimsuit  
table tennis  
take part  
team  
tennis  
tennis player  
throw **(v)**  
ticket  
tired  
track  
tracksuit  
trainer(s)  
train(ing)  
versus / v.  
volleyball  
walk **(v)**  
watch **(v)**  
water skiing  
win  
workout  
yoga

## The Natural World

air  
animal  
autumn  
beach  
bee  
bird

branch  
bush  
butterfly  
cave  
cliff  
climate

coast  
continent  
country  
countryside  
desert  
dolphin

donkey  
duck  
earth  
east  
elephant  
environment

environmental  
explore(r)  
fall **(Am Eng)**  
farmland  
field  
fire  
fish  
flood  
flower  
forest  
freeze  
frog  
fur  
giraffe  
grass  
grow  
hill  
hot  
ice

island  
jungle  
kangaroo  
lake  
land  
leaf  
lion  
monkey  
moon  
mosquito  
mountain  
mouse / mice  
nature  
north  
parrot  
penguin  
planet  
plant  
pollution

rabbit  
rainforest  
range  
river  
rock  
sand  
scenery  
sea  
shark  
sky  
south  
space  
species  
spring  
star  
stone  
summer  
sun  
sunrise

sunset  
sunshine  
tiger  
tree  
valley  
water  
waterfall  
waves  
west  
wild  
wildlife  
winter  
wood  
wool  
world  
zebra

## Time

afternoon  
a.m. / p.m.  
ages (for ages)  
appointment  
approximately  
autumn  
birthday  
century  
clock  
daily  
date  
diary

evening  
half (past)  
holidays  
hour  
January – December  
meeting  
midnight  
minute  
moment  
Monday – Sunday  
month

monthly  
morning  
night  
noon  
o'clock  
past  
quarter (past / to)  
second  
spring  
summer  
time

today  
tomorrow  
tonight  
week  
weekday  
weekend  
weekly  
winter  
working hours  
year  
yesterday

## Travel and Transport

abroad  
accommodation  
(aero)/(air)plane  
airline  
airport  
ambulance  
announcement  
arrival  
arrive  
astronaut  
at sea  
backpack  
backpacker  
backpacking  
bag  
baggage  
bicycle / bike  
board **(v)**  
boarding pass  
boat  
border  
bridge  
brochure  
bus  
bus station  
bus stop  
by air  
by land  
by rail  
by road  
by sea

cab  
cabin  
canal  
capital city  
car  
car alarm  
car park  
case  
catch **(v)**  
change **(v)**  
charter  
check in **(v)**  
check-in **(n)**  
check out **(v)**  
coach  
confirm  
country  
crossing  
crossroads  
currency  
customs  
cycle **(n & v)**  
cyclist  
delay  
delayed  
deliver  
depart  
departure  
destination  
direction  
document(s)

dollar  
double room  
drive  
driver  
driving/driver's licence  
due  
duty-free  
embassy  
euro  
exchange rate  
facilities  
far  
fare  
ferry  
flight  
fly  
foreign  
fuel  
garage  
gas / gas station  
**(Am Eng)**  
gate  
guest  
guide  
guidebook  
handlebars  
harbour  
helicopter  
hitchhike  
hotel  
immigration

jet  
journey  
land **(v)**  
leave  
left  
light  
lorry  
luggage  
machine  
map  
mechanic  
mirror  
miss  
motorbike  
motorway  
move  
nationality  
oil  
on board  
on business  
on foot  
on holiday  
on time  
on vacation  
operator  
overnight  
park **(v)**  
parking lot  
parking space  
passenger  
passport

path  
petrol  
petrol station  
pilot  
platform public  
transport  
railroad  
railway  
reception  
repair **(v)**  
reservation  
reserve  
return **(n & v)**  
ride  
road sign

rocket  
roundabout  
route  
sail **(v)**  
scooter  
(bus) service  
ship  
sightseeing  
signpost  
single room  
spaceship  
speed  
subway  
suitcase  
take off

taxi  
tour **(n & v)**  
tour guide  
tourist  
tourist information centre  
traffic  
traffic jam  
traffic lights  
train  
tram  
translate  
translation  
travel  
trip  
tunnel

tyre/tire  
underground  
underground train  
vehicle  
visa  
visit(or)  
waiting room  
way  
wheel  
window  
windscreen

## Weather

blow  
breeze  
cloud  
cloudy  
cold  
cool  
degrees  
dry  
fog  
foggy

forecast  
freezing  
frozen  
gale  
get wet  
heat  
hot  
humid  
ice  
icy

lightning  
mild  
rain  
shower  
snow  
snowfall  
storm  
sun  
sunny  
sunshine

temperature  
thunder(storm)  
warm  
weather  
wet  
wind  
windy

## Work and Jobs

actor  
actress  
application  
apply  
architect  
army  
artist  
assistant  
astronaut  
athlete  
babysitter  
banker  
barber  
boss  
break **(n)**  
businessman  
businesswoman  
butcher  
cameraman  
candidate  
canteen  
captain  
career  
chef  
chemist  
cleaner  
colleague  
company  
computer  
conference  
contract  
cook  
crew  
customs officer  
CV  
dancer  
dentist

department  
designer  
desk  
detective  
diary  
diploma  
director  
diver  
doctor  
earn  
email  
employ **(v)**  
employee  
employer  
employment  
engineer  
explorer  
factory  
farm  
farmer  
film star  
firefighter  
football player / footballer  
full time  
goalkeeper  
guard  
guest  
guide  
hairdresser  
housewife  
housework  
instructions  
instructor  
job  
journalist  
judge  
king

laboratory  
lawyer  
lecturer  
letter  
librarian  
manager  
mechanic  
meeting  
message  
model  
musician  
novelist  
nurse  
occupation  
office  
officer (e.g. prison/police)  
out of work  
owner  
painter  
part time  
photographer  
pilot  
poet  
policeman  
police officer  
policewoman  
politician  
porter  
postman  
president  
profession  
professional  
professor  
(computer) programmer  
publisher  
qualification  
queen

quit  
receptionist  
reporter  
retire  
retirement  
sailor  
salary  
sales assistant  
salesman  
saleswoman  
scientist  
secretary  
security guard  
shop assistant  
shopper  
singer  
soldier  
staff  
student  
taxi driver  
teacher  
tennis player  
tour guide  
trade  
travel agent  
unemployed  
uniform  
volunteer **(n)**  
wage(s)  
waiter / waitress  
work  
worker